

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENT

(4th JANUARY TO 15th JANUARY 2022)



CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC / CHAPTER	MODULE/ ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINKS
VI	ENG LANG	ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE	<p>DO EX 42 pg no.69 Q NO 1 TO 10 IN YOUR ENG LANG NOTEBOOK. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES SO THAT THE VERBS WILL BE IN ACTIVE VOICE.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. He was praised by his father. A. His father praised him. 2.The first railway was built by George Stephenson. A. George Stephenson built the first railway. 3. The horse was frightened by the noise. A. The noise frightened the horse. 4. Not a word was spoken by Latif. A. Latif did not speak a word. 5. The teacher was pleased with the boy's work. A. The boy's work pleased the teacher. 6.He was taken to the hospital by his friends. A. His friends took him to the hospital. 7. The town was destroyed by an earthquake. A. An earthquake destroyed the town. 8. The road was lined with people. A. People lined the road. 9. The President was welcomed by the people. A. The people welcomed the President. 10.Shakuntalam was written by Kalidas. A.Kalidas wrote Shakuntalam. 	<p>https://youtu.be/nXQkFacZvS4</p>

**INTERJECTIO
NS**

**DO THE EXERCISE GIVEN BELOW IN YOUR NOTEBOOK.
COMPLETE THESE SENTENCES BY INSERTING APPROPRIATE INTERJECTIONS.**

<https://youtu.be/RTqc-1-fTA>

1. Wow What an achievement.
2. Gosh I hear someone coming.
3. Oh no What a tragic end to the story.
4. Wow I wish I could dance like that hero.
5. Ouch An insect just bit me on my toe.
6. What He will now stay in London for ever?
7. Yay I solved the crossword puzzle by myself.
8. Wow We are meeting after a long time.
9. Oops I broke the flower vase.
10. Oh no He has burnt his finger.

An autobiography of a coin.

I am a two rupee coin. I was born in a mint near Mumbai. I am twelve years old and I was sent to Kolkata from Mumbai. When I was made I was shining but a man who was carrying me dropped me down. I was very sad. No one saw me and without seeing me they kept their legs on me and went away. Days were passing like this and I was getting hurt in the same brutal way. One day a girl's eyes fell on me. She took me in her hand and kept me in her pencil box. Her name was Smita. This new place was nice, cool, safe and better for me. I lived there very comfortably. I passed two to three days in that box.

Whenever Smita opened her pencil box she saw me smiling. One day she got a five rupee coin .She kept the coin beside me. Now I had friend beside me with whom I shared my joys and sorrows. We were happy with each other. Suddenly one day Smita dropped me on the way as she was in a hurry to board on the school bus. This was seen by Arun , Smita's brother. Without telling her sister he took me to the shopkeeper and bought candy. The shopkeeper kept me inside his box. There were many other coins like me inside that box. Again I got many friends like me. I was happy but at the same time I was missing my old friend 'the five rupee coin'.

			<p>COMPOSITION You have recently visited to a zoo with your family. What did you see there? What attracted you the most? How did you enjoy? What was your overall experience?</p>	
	<p>ENGLISH LIT</p>	<p>THE SONG FROM HEAVEN Date – 29.11.2021</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read the chapter and underline the difficult words • In your Literature notebook draw a picture From the chapter The Song From Heaven. You can refer to your Literature book for drawing the picture. • Write the underlined difficult words in your English Literature notebook. • Write word bank (meaning) in your English Literature notebook which is already given in your Literature book. <p>I. Antonyms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Special x ordinary b) Extraordinary x ordinary c) Infant x adult d) Smiling x frowning e) Silent x audible/ noisy f) Decided x undecided g) Finally x immediately h) Uncomfortable x comfortable <p>II. Choose the correct option:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Father Mohr sat in his study, working on a <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. lecture b. sermon 2. Franz Xaver Gruber composed the music for Father Mohr’s poem on <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Christmas Eve b. Christmas day 3. The elderly man at the fair invited the Strasser children to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. music concert b. meet the king and queen of Saxony 4. Joseph told the Queen that the song was a <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. folk song b. Christmas carol <p>III. Read the sentences and answer the questions:</p> <p>1.”It’s not for me, Father, but for a baby, born a while ago to some peasants.”</p> <p>a. Who said this?</p> <p>Ans- A peasant woman said this.</p>	

b. What did the speaker ask of Father Mohr?

Ans- The speaker asked Father Mohr to come with her to bless the newborn child of a peasant couple.

c. What was Father Mohr's reaction? Why?

Ans- Father Mohr was surprised because he received the news of the newborn baby just when he was reading about the birth of Christ.

2. "I have never heard this song before.....can I learn it?"

a. Who said this and to whom?

Ans- An organ builder said this to Franz Xaver Gruber.

b. Which song is the speaker referring to here?

Ans- The speaker is referring to the song that Father Mohr had written as a poem, and for which Franz Xaver Gruber had composed the music.

c. What did the speaker do with the song after he went back?

Ans- After he went back, the speaker gathered the children of his village and taught them the song, which they named 'Song from Heaven'.

3. Leipzig was a large, busy city, and the children often felt lost and uncomfortable in the crowded place.

a. Who do the 'children' refer to?

Ans- The 'children' refers to the four Strasser siblings- Caroline, Joseph, Andreas and Amalie.

b. Why were the children in the city of Leipzig?

Ans- The children were in the city of Leipzig because their parents, who were glovemakers, always travelled northward to Leipzig to sell their wares at the annual trade fair.

c. What did the children do when they felt homesick?

Ans- When the children felt homesick, they would sing their favourite song 'Song from Heaven' to uplift their spirits.

IV. Answer these questions:

1. What did Father Mohr see when he visited the poor peasants' hut?

Ans- When Father Mohr visited the poor peasants' hut, he saw a young mother cradling her infant lovingly.

2. Why did the Strasser family travel northward to Leipzig every spring?

Ans- The Strasser family were glovemakers, and travelled northward to Leipzig every spring to sell their wares at the annual trade fair held there.

			<p>3. What happened one day at the fair that delighted the Strasser children? Ans- The incident that delighted the Strasser children one day at the fair was that the Director General of Music in the kingdom of Saxony invited them to attend a concert that evening.</p> <p>4. What were the children asked to do at the concert? How did the audience respond? Ans- At the concert, the Director General of Music announced the names of the Strasser siblings and asked them to come up on stage and sing. As the children sang 'Song from Heaven', there was a stunned silence, and a moment later, there was a burst of thunderous applause, as the audience got to its feet and gave them a standing ovation.</p> <p>5. What did the King of Saxony ask the Strasser children to do? Ans- The King of Saxony invited the Strasser siblings to come to his place and sing 'Song from Heaven' at the special Christmas service.</p>	
	Maths	Practical Geometry	EX-13.3; Q.No- 1,2,3,4.	https://youtu.be/mnFwAJ_TPeY
		Data Handling	EX-15.1; Q.No- 1,2. EX- 15.2; Q.No-1,2,3,4,	https://youtu.be/mnFwAJ_TPeY
	HISTORY & CIVICS	CHAP-11 The Golden Age of the Guptas	<p>Read the Chapter and Answer the following questions :</p> <p>A. Fill in the blanks:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> _____ laid the foundation of Gupta Dynasty. The Allahabad Pillar inscription is also called _____. Maharajadhiraja means _____. _____ is referred to as Napoleon of India. _____ was a great astronomer and mathematician <p>B. Answer the following questions:-</p> <p>Q1. What are the main sources of information about the Gupta period? Q2. What was Bhakti cult? Q3. Describe the accomplishment of Aryabhata. Q4. Why was Samudragupta referred to as Indian Napoleon</p>	https://youtu.be/Anq-bD_CWNs

<p>Science</p>	<p>PHYSICS Ch- Magnetism</p>	<p>Fill in the blanks</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A substance which can attract iron is called a _____. 2. _____ poles repel each other. 3. The materials which are attracted by a magnet are called _____ 4. A magnet has _____ poles 5. The first natural magnet was discovered in _____ a town in Greece. <p>Answer the following questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What are magnetic and non- magnetic substances? Give two examples of each. 2. State two ways magnetising an iron piece . 3. Draw diagrams of artificial magnets Of four different shapes. 4. Why are artificial magnets preferred over the natural magnets. 5. State three differences between temporary and permanent magnets 6. State three ways of demagnetising a magnet. 	<p>https://youtu.be/-aNpmCSZHbk</p> <p>https://youtube.com/watch?v=411WqXHkVgs&feature=share</p>
<p>GEOGRAPHY</p>	<p>CH – South America</p>	<p>QI. Fill in the blanks: :-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mount Chimborazo is an _____. 2. _____ separates South America from Antarctica. 3. The three rivers of River La Plata basin are _____, _____ and _____. 4. The Caribbean Sea is located _____. 5. Lake Poopo is located in _____. <p>QII. Write short answers to the following questions :-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Where are the rain forests located? What is the local name given to them? 2 Where is Majaro Island located? 3 Name the three river basins in South America? 4 What are Caballitos? 5 Which two Latitude mark the North and the South boundaries of South America? <p>QIII. Write true or false :-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Argentina is the largest country of South America. _____ 2 Tierra del Fuego means land of fire. _____ 3 Rio de Janeiro was the former capital of Brazil. _____ 4 Falklands Islands are governed by United Kingdom. _____ 	<p>https://youtu.be/VQZiOM5IcH8</p>

QIV . Define the following :-

- Crevasses -
- Catastrophes -
- Jagged -
- Undulating –

QV. Write the Capital of the following countries:-

1. Brazil
2. Argentina
3. Peru
4. Colombia
5. Bolivia
6. Venezuela
7. Chile
8. Equador

QVI. On the outline map of South America, mark the following:-

- 1 equator
- 2 Tropic of Capricorn
- 3 River Amazon
- 4 Gran Chaco
- 5 Atacama Desert
- 6 Brazilian Highland
- 7 Patagonia
- 8 Guiana Highland
- 9 Orinico River
- 10 Paraguay

QVII. Answer the following:-

- Q1. How does the land of South America resemble that of North America?
- Q2. Why are Pampas famous?
- Q3. Which part of South America is rich in minerals? Name the minerals that are found.
- Q4. Name two South American countries which are landlocked.

			<p>QVIII. Give correct answer :-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. They grow on the shores of Titicaca - _____ 2. The highest Andean peak - _____ 3. The official language of South America - _____ 4. The southernmost tips of South America - _____ 5. The Native American word for big waves - _____. 	
	हिन्दी साहित्य	अँधेर नगरी	<p>अँधेर नगरी :- अभ्यास हेतु शब्द - महंत, भिक्षा, कुंजडिन दुहाई 1 - टका, दुहाई, सिद्ध, नाहक, मशक, कोतवाल । शब्दार्थ :- भिक्षा, खाजा, गड़रिया, टिकठी, सिद्ध, भाजी लघु प्रश्नोत्तर :- क)महंत जी ने पश्चिम की ओर किसको भेजा ? ख)गोवर्धन दास को भिक्षा में कितने पैसे मिले थे ? ग)लोगों ने अंत में किसको टिकठी पर खड़ा किया ? घ) अंत में फाँसी पर कौन चढ़ा ? ङ) सिपाही गोवर्धनदास के पास क्यों गए ?</p> <p>दीर्घ प्रश्नोत्तर :- क. गोवर्धनदास ने ऐसा क्यों कहा कि 'बड़ा आनंद है' ? ख. गोवर्धन दास ने अँधेर नगरी को छोड़कर न जाने का क्या कारण बताया ? ग. चुनेवाले और भिंती ने राजा को क्या बताया ? घ. राजा और मंत्री ने कोतवाल को दोषी क्यों समझा ? ङ. गोवर्धन दास को फाँसी पर चढ़ाने के लिए क्यों ले जाया जा रहा था ?</p>	

किसने, किससे कहा ?

क)" तो बाबा, कुछ लेना हो तो लो जाओ । "

ख) "बच्चा, यह कौन- सी नगरी है ? "

ग.) महाराज, कारीगर ने बनाई थी।" ?

घ) स्वर्ग जाने में बूढ़ा- जवान क्या? "

वाक्य बनाएँ - राजा, नाटक सुंदर , चीनी, आनंद ।

हिन्दी भाषा

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें :

दूसरों को दुख देना ही हिंसा है, इसके विपरीत भावना ही अहिंसा होती है। मन से, वचन से, कर्म से दूसरों को कष्ट न पहुँचाना अहिंसा है। भारतवर्ष में बहुत से धर्म हैं, इन सब धर्मों में अहिंसा का महत्त्वपूर्ण स्थान है। इस संसार में कोई धर्म ऐसा नहीं है, जिसमें अहिंसा का महत्त्व स्वीकार न किया गया हो। 'अहिंसा परम धर्म है' ऐसा सब शास्त्र कहते हैं। भारतीय धर्म और संस्कृति का मूलाधार अहिंसा है। महात्मा गाँधी सत्य और अहिंसा के पुजारी थे। उन्होंने अहिंसा के शस्त्र से भारत को आज़ाद कराया। भगवान बुद्ध, महावीर, सम्राट अशोक ने अहिंसा का प्रचार किया। संसार को स्वर्ग बनाने के लिए अहिंसा का पालन करना आवश्यक है।

प्रश्न :

क) 'अहिंसा से आप क्या समझते हैं?

ख) अहिंसा के विषय में सब शास्त्र क्या कहते हैं?

ग) भारतीय संस्कृति का मूलाधार क्या है?

घ) अहिंसा का पालन तथा प्रचार किस-किस ने किया?

ङ) अहिंसा का पालन करना क्यों आवश्यक है?

		<p>2. मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य बनाएँ (31-40)</p> <p>अंक भरना - स्नेह से लिपटा लेना वाक्य - परीक्षा में रोहन के अच्छे अंक आने पर माँ ने उसे अंक भर लिया।</p> <p>अँगूठा दिखाना - साफ इनकार कर देना वाक्य - मैंने अपने मित्र से पुस्तक माँगी तो उसने अँगूठा दिखा दिया।</p> <p>आँखें खुलना - सचेत होना वाक्य - चोर जब जेल से भाग गया तब पुलिस की आँखें खुली।</p> <p>उन्नीस बीस का अंतर - बहुत कम अंतर वाक्य - दोनों भाइयों की सूरत में उन्नीस बीस का अंतर है।</p> <p>किताबी कीड़ा - सदा पढ़ने में लगा रहने वाला वाक्य - रोहन एकदम किताबी कीड़ा है पर उसका सामान्य ज्ञान शून्य है।</p>	
Computer Science	HTML	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is HTML and who developed HTML explain it? 2. Write any common three terminologies which are essentials for HTML programs. 3. Write the difference between container tag and empty tag with example. 4. What is the use of attributes in HTML program. 5. What is the use of HEAD in title tag in HTML program? 	



KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-22

HOME ASSIGNMENT (04.01.2022 – 15.01.2022)

CLASS	SUBJECT																																	
VI	Urdu	<p>سوال 1. کوٹے کے بارے میں لوگ کیا کہتے ہیں؟</p> <p>ج. لوگوں کو کہتے ہوئے سنا گیا ہے کہ کوٹا فطرتاً چالاک اور مفاد پرزہ ہے۔</p> <p>سوال 2. شکاری پر کس کو رحم آگیا؟</p> <p>ج. درخت پر بیٹھے ہوئے ہنس نے شکاری کو دھوپ میں پیرا دیکھا تو اسے شکاری پر رحم آگیا۔</p> <p>سوال 3. شکاری کب اٹھ بیٹھا؟ اسے درخت پر کیا نظر آیا؟</p> <p>ج. کوٹے کی بیٹھا منہ پر پیرت ہی شکاری اٹھ بیٹھا۔ شکاری نے درخت کی طرف نظر اٹھائی تو دیکھا کہ ہنس اس کے اوپر پیر پھیلانے لگے ہیں۔</p> <p>سوال 4. شکاری تیر کھان دکھ کر کہاں سو گیا؟</p> <p>ج. شکاری پیپل کے درخت کے نیچے آرام کرنے آیا۔ اس نے اپنے تیر کھان کو ایک طرف رکھ دیا اور خود لیٹ گیا۔ لیٹتے ہی اسے فہمندا لگی۔</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>واحد -</th><th>جمع</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>مذہب</td><td>مذہب</td></tr><tr><td>سڑک</td><td>سڑکیں</td></tr><tr><td>سبق</td><td>اسباق</td></tr><tr><td>کوٹا</td><td>کوٹے</td></tr><tr><td>چینر</td><td>چینریں</td></tr><tr><td>مند</td><td>مند</td></tr><tr><td>گھا</td><td>گھائیں</td></tr></tbody></table> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>الفاظ -</th><th>اصناف</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>دھوپ</td><td>بچھاؤں</td></tr><tr><td>عوام</td><td>خواص</td></tr><tr><td>سوال</td><td>جواب</td></tr><tr><td>تھن</td><td>شعرا</td></tr><tr><td>پیرا</td><td>خزراں</td></tr><tr><td>تیلی</td><td>بڑی</td></tr><tr><td>امیر</td><td>عزیب</td></tr></tbody></table>	واحد -	جمع	مذہب	مذہب	سڑک	سڑکیں	سبق	اسباق	کوٹا	کوٹے	چینر	چینریں	مند	مند	گھا	گھائیں	الفاظ -	اصناف	دھوپ	بچھاؤں	عوام	خواص	سوال	جواب	تھن	شعرا	پیرا	خزراں	تیلی	بڑی	امیر	عزیب
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