



Class	Subject	Chapter	Topic	Web link
VI	ENG LANG	Letter Writing Formal	Write a letter to the principal requesting her to sanction three days leave. State the reason why do you want to take leave. Where are you going and mention the dates of your leave.	<a href="https://youtu.be/q092of2fFqY">https://youtu.be/q092of2fFqY</a>
		Composition	Describe about your train journey. Name of the place where you visited, the views you enjoyed the most, your experience with your fellow passengers. What were your feelings when you arrived at that place.	
		Autobiography	Autobiography of a pen.	
		Letter Writing Informal	Write a letter to your sister informing her about your mother's illness. Ex 25 pg no.47 to be done in the book. Ex 27 pg no.47 to be done in Eng Lang notebook	
		Chp15 Pronouns	Do Ex 60 pg no 107 ( nos 1 to 10) in your Eng Lang notebook.	
		Chp 34: The Adverb	Do Ex104 Nos1 to 5 and Ex 108 Nos 1 to 10 in your Eng Lang notebook.	
		Bk2chp 16 Narration		
	HINDI	अनेक शब्दों के एक शब्द, पुस्तकालय से लाभ, अनेकार्थी शब्द, अपठित गद्दांश	निम्नलिखित काय अपनी उत्तर - पुस्तिका मं करं।  अनेक शब्दों के एक शब्द (Pg no - 34,35(1 - 20) अतिथि से अदृश्य तक  अनेकार्थी शब्द - (1 - 20) अंक से तप तक ।  निबंध - पुस्तकालय से लाभ  निबंध लिखने का संकेत :-  भूमिका, पुस्तकालय का अभिप्राय, ज्ञान प्राप्त करने का उत्तम साधन, पुस्तकालय की अपने नियम, पुस्तकालय की उपयोगिता, उपसंहार	

			<p>अपठित गद्यांश :-</p> <p>दूसरों को दुख देना ही हिंसा है, इसके विपरीत भावना ही अहिंसा होती है। मन से, वचन से, कम से दूसरों को कष्ट न पहुँचाना अहिंसा है। भारत में बहुत से धर्म हैं, इन सब धर्मों में अहिंसा का महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है। इस संसार में कोई भी धर्म ऐसा नहीं है, जिसमें अहिंसा का महत्व स्वीकार न किया गया हो। "अहिंसा परम धर्म है।" ऐसा सब शास्त्र कहते हैं। भारतीय धर्म और संस्कृति का मूलाधार अहिंसा है। महात्मा गाँधी सत्य और अहिंसा के पुजारी थे। उन्होंने अहिंसा के शस्त्र से भारत को आजाद कराया। भगवान बुद्ध, महावीर, सम्राट अशोक ने अहिंसा का प्रचार किया। संसार को स्वर्ग बनाने के लिए अहिंसा का पालन करना आवश्यक है।</p> <p>प्रश्न 1. " " क्य ?  प्रश्न 2. स्व क्य ?  प्रश्न 3. प्र - ?  प्रश्न 4. द्य</p>	
Maths	Understanding Elementary Shapes	<b>Module- 1 : Measuring Line Segments</b> EX-11.1; Q.No 1,2,3,4,5 & 6	<a href="https://youtu.be/2niful8BvLk">https://youtu.be/2niful8BvLk</a>	
		<b>Module-2 : Types of Angles and its measurements</b> Ex- 11.2; Q.No:1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11&12	<a href="https://youtu.be/UgfSwlqi4Qg">https://youtu.be/UgfSwlqi4Qg</a> <a href="https://youtu.be/il22YcHDfeE">https://youtu.be/il22YcHDfeE</a>	
		<b>Module-3:</b> Perpendicular Lines EX-11.3; Q.No.-1& 2	<a href="https://youtu.be/9bt7GGKmx7Y">https://youtu.be/9bt7GGKmx7Y</a>	
		<b>Module-4 : Types of Triangles</b> Ex- 11.4; Q.no-1,2,3,4&5	<a href="https://youtu.be/1k0G-Y41jRA">https://youtu.be/1k0G-Y41jRA</a>	
		<b>Module-5:</b> Types of Quadrilaterals Ex- 11.5; Q.no-1,2,3,4,5&6	<a href="https://youtu.be/QVzvklbd8CU">https://youtu.be/QVzvklbd8CU</a>	
		<b>Module-6:</b> Three Dimensional Shapes Ex- 11.6; Q.no-1,2&3	<a href="https://youtu.be/61lZpLRnXUM">https://youtu.be/61lZpLRnXUM</a>	

<p><b>Physics</b></p>	<p><b>Light, Revision</b></p>	<p><b>Fill in the blanks:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The sun is a _____ source of light.</li> <li>2. Light gives us the sensation of _____.</li> <li>3. Moon is a _____ body.</li> <li>4. Light does not require any _____ for its propagation.</li> <li>5. Light is a form of _____.</li> </ol> <p><b>Short questions answer:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Define- Light</li> <li>2. Differentiate between luminous and non-luminous bodies.</li> <li>3. Give two examples of             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Natural source of light</li> <li>ii. Artificial source of light.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><b>Revision</b></p> <p><b>TRUE/FALSE</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The S.I unit of force is newton.</li> <li>2. We can see or feel the effects of force.</li> <li>3. A force can change the mass of the body.</li> <li>4. Sun is natural source of light.</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. What do you mean by contact force?</li> <li>2. What do you mean by non-contact force?</li> <li>3. Define force.</li> <li>4. Give two examples of             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Luminous bodies</li> <li>ii. Non- luminous bodies</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<p><a href="https://youtu.be/XfVZ8GxU1Y">https://youtu.be/XfVZ8GxU1Y</a></p>
<p><b>Biology</b></p>	<p><b>Digestive System</b></p>	<p><b>Fill in the blanks:-</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Food provides us _____.</li> <li>2. Nutrients are classified into _____ Groups.</li> <li>3. _____ and _____ are called micronutrients.</li> <li>4. _____ glands consist of salivary glands ,liver and pancreas.</li> <li>5. The large intestine does not secrete any _____.</li> </ol> <p><b>Answer the following question:-</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Name the different types of our teeth and writes its function.</li> <li>2. State any two ways in which saliva is useful to us.</li> <li>3. Define the term Nutrition, Egestion, Digestion and assimilation.</li> <li>4. Write about Amylase, Trypsin and lipase.</li> </ol>	<p><a href="https://youtu.be/PFqFBYlv54">https://youtu.be/PFqFBYlv54</a></p>

			<p><b>Write the end product:-</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Peptides <math>\xrightarrow{\text{Erepsin}}</math></li> <li>2. Maltose <math>\xrightarrow{\text{Maltase}}</math></li> <li>3. Sucrose <math>\xrightarrow{\text{Sucrase}}</math></li> <li>4. Lactose <math>\xrightarrow{\text{Lactase}}</math></li> </ol>	
<b>HISTORY</b>	<b>THE VEDIC AGE (REVISION)</b>	<p>Q1. Fill in the blanks.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) The word 'Veda' comes from the Sanskrit word.....</li> <li>b) ..... Veda is probably the first literary work of mankind.</li> <li>c) The two great epics are ..... and .....</li> <li>d) Aryans did not know the use of..... metal.</li> <li>e) Brhamavarta means ....</li> </ol> <p>Q2. Answer in one or two words.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Liberation from the cycle of birth and rebirth is.....</li> <li>b) What is the third stage of ashramas?</li> <li>c) At which stage of four ashramas an individual received education?</li> <li>d) Name two occupations of Early Vedic people.</li> <li>e) Name 2 occupations of the Later Vedic people.</li> </ol> <p><b>Ans.</b></p> <p>Q1. a) Vij  b) Rig Veda  c) Ramayana, Mahabharata  d) iron  e) the land of Gods</p> <p>Q2.  a) moksha  b) Vanaprastha  c) Brahmacharya  d) hunting and cattle rearing  e) agriculture, carpentry]</p>		
<b>GEOG</b>	<b>Revision Ch – North America</b>	<p>Q1. Fill in the blanks:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Earth as a single landmass was called _____.</li> <li>2. Tropical islands of Caribbean Sea are collectively called _____.</li> <li>3. Canadian Shield is located in the _____ of North America.</li> <li>4. _____ Falls are situated between Lake Erie and Lake _____.</li> <li>5. _____ is the largest lake among the Great Lakes.</li> </ol>	<p><a href="https://youtu.be/SqtuDarzGUs">https://youtu.be/SqtuDarzGUs</a></p>	

- Q2. Give reasons for the following:-
1. The Canadian Shield is rich in resources.
  2. The Appalachians are more like a plateau now.
- Q3. Write short notes on the following.
1. Name two plateaus and a river plain located in the Cordilleras?
  2. Describe the Western Cordilleras of North America?
  3. Which is the most useful river in North -Eastern Canada? How does it help in trade?
  4. What is the height of the highest peak of Appalachian Mountains?
  5. Draw diagrams to show how tectonic plates move.
  6. Which geographical feature in North America is named as the 'Fall Line'? How are the industries benefitted by it?

**Computer**

**An Introduction to HTML**

- 1) Define the followings-
  - a) **HTML**
  - b) **HTML tag**
  - c) **HTML element**
  - d) **HTML document**
  - e) **Attributes**
- 2) What are the features of HTML?
- 3) What are the different types of Tags in HTML?
- 4) Explain about the Basic HTML Tags.
- 5) Write the syntax of HTML .
- 6) Explain about some other useful Tags.

Tag	Purpose/Use
Heading tag <h1>...</h1> to <h6>...</h6>	
Paragraph tag <P>	
Line break  	
Bold <B>	
Italic <I>	
Underline <U>	
Subscript tag <sub>	
Superscript tag <sup>	
Font tag <font>	

## 1. रु रिक्त र

- a) ----- ( )  
 b) त्व ----- ( )  
 c) ----- स्पृ )  
 d) र ----- (र्क )  
 e) ----- ( )  
 f) त्र ----- (भ्र )

## 2. ब्द रिक्त र

- a) , , त्व , , ,  
 b) -----  
 c) त्व -----  
 d) -----  
 e) -----  
 f) ----- त्य :  
 g) ----- ष श्य

## 3. ल्य :

- a) त्व श्रेष्ठ ( स्ति/अस्मि/ )  
 b) : ( श्य / श्य / श्य : )  
 c) ग्र ( च्छ / च्छ / च्छ )  
 d) म्र ( / / :/ : )  
 e) क्ष ( :/ :/ )

## 5. म्र ि क्यं के द्द :

- a) त्व ?  
 b) श्व नमन्ति।  
 c) ग्ध  
 d) :  
 e) स्ति  
 f) : : न्ति

## 6. निम्नलिखित क्यं

- a) : स्मि  
 b) त्व त्य  
 c) त्र ष्ट :  
 d) त्रर्क ?  
 e) :  
 f) ऋ

## 7. स्वृ :

- )  
 )  
 )  
 )  
 ) ि