Class	Subject	Chapter	Topic	Web link
VI	ENGLISH LANGUAGE	Comprehension	**Practice Comprehension from Wren & Martin book**	
		Gender (Revision)	**I. In each sentence change the masculine noun to the feminine gender.** 1. The nephew ------------- dressed up as a wizard------------ 2. The prince -------------- spoke to the step-father --------------- 3. The bachelor ------------- congratulated to the bridegroom------------------- 4. The heir ---------- was a real gentleman -------- 5. The emperor --------- and the king---------- shook hands. 6. The murderer ---------- was not a hero.	https://youtu.be/XHqO7BMhvel
		Pronoun (Revision) **Direct and Indirect Speech**	**I. Rewrite the sentence with the pronoun** 1. The book was about magician. <u>The book</u> was entertaining. 2. I did my homework after school . <u>The homework</u> was difficult. 3. My best friend is Sarah. <u>Sarah</u> always listens to my problems. 4. Everyone liked Sharon's hair-style. <u>Sharon's hair-style</u> was unique. 5. My family loves to go out for dinner. <u>My family</u> usually eats a lot of food. 6. One girl forgot to bring <u>one girl's</u> uniform. 7. Mr. Johnson put the classwork into <u>Mr. Johnson's</u> briefcase. 8. The book was interesting. <u>The book</u> was about aliens. 9. Leslie is reading <u>Leslie's</u> book. **Do exercise no .3 and 5 in page number 14 from your Wren & Martin book (10 questions each)**	https://youtu.be/Xhe2xpZTjMo
	English Literature	THE MYSTERIOUS VISITOR 1 15-07-2021 To 20-07-2021	**Following assignment have to be done in notebook** I. MEANING:- Coach and Horses - The inn in the town. Lollies - Sweets or candies on sticks. Vicar - priest. Good woman me - try to please me by calling me a good woman.	

II. OPPOSITES :-
Backward - Forward
Invisible - Apparent
Angry – Calm
Enthusiasm – Apathy
Winning – losing
False- True

III. READ THE SENTENCE AND ANSWER THE
FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.
1. " And I want you to keep your shouting and
your talking to God to yourself."
a. Who said these words and to whom ?
Ans - Mrs Hall said these words to the mysterious
Visitor.

b. Why had the person shouting and talking to
God ?
Ans - The person had been shouting and talking
to god because Mrs. Hall had yet not given him his
food and she was also asking for money that he
was five days late in paying her for his lodging and
food.

c. Why was the speaker arguing with the person ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall was arguing with the mysterious
visitor because he was five days late in paying her
for his lodging and food.

2. "And where did you find it ? "
a. Who said these words and to whom ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall said these words to the
mysterious visitor.

b. What does 'it' refer to here ?
Ans - Here the 'it' is referred to some money that
the visitor had in his pocket, which he was
offering to Mrs. Hall.

c. What made the speaker asked this question ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall asked this question earlier , the
visitor had told her that he had only a few coins
left with him. However, this time he was
producing more coins from his pocket to pay his
bill.

3. "You do not understand who I am or what I am.
I will show you."

a. Who said these words and to whom ?
Ans - The mysterious visitor said these words to Mrs. Hall.

b) What did the speaker do to 'show you' ?
Ans - To 'show you' that is Mrs. Hall , the mysterious visitor put his hand over his face and pulled out his false pink nose and put in her hand.

c. How did the listener react to the speaker's actions ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall reacted to the mysterious visitors action by dropping his false nose on the floor.

IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.
1. What was the little group of people at the Coach and the Horses talking about ?
Ans - The little group of people at the Coach and Horses were talking about the robbery at the Vicar's house.

2. Why was the visitor angry ?
Ans - The visitor was angry because he was hungry , yet nobody was bringing him any food.

3. Why did Mrs. Hall refuse to get him any food ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall refused to get him any food because he was five days late in paying his previous bill.

4. What di Mrs. Hall want to know from the visitor ?
Ans – Mrs. Hall wanted to know from the visitor where he got the additional coins he was offering her at the moment, because earlier he had told her that he had only a few coins with him.

5. What made the people in the pub cry out in surprise?
Ans - The people in the pub cried out in surprise and fear because the truth about the mysterious visitor was finally revealed to them. He had pulled out his false pink nose and handed it into the Mrs. Hall. Then he pulled at his false hair and bandages, which were flying across the room. All this pointed out that the mysterious visitor was an invisible man.

V. THINK AND ANSWER

<table>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>

1. When the visitor said, " Look here my good woman," Mrs. Hall replied "Do not good woman me. " What do you think the visitor and Mrs. Hall were trying to do ?
Ans - The visitor was trying to calm Mrs. Hall down, but Mrs. Hall wanted to remain angry.

2. Why do you think visitor suddenly started to take off his bandages ?
Ans - He wanted to show Mrs. Hall that he was invisible. He wanted to scare Mrs. Hall.

<u>VI. MAKE SENTENCE.</u>
1. Mysterious - Rakhi is no more mysterious and complex than any other person.
2. Entertainer - Bollywood actor Shahrukh Khan is the world highest paid entertainer from India.
3. Encouraged - She should not have encouraged Vivek to come down here as the place is so haunted.
4. Robbery -The man has been arrested in connection with robbery.

</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>

Ch - The Mysterious Visitor 2

21-07-2021
To
25-07-2021

</td>
<td>

I. Word- meanings:-
exploded through the door- rushed out through the door

through it all- while all this was happening

II. Antonyms:-
devil x angel
prison x sanctuary
sharp x blunt
invisible x visible
strange x familiar, usual
follow x lead
narrow x wide

III. Read the sentences and answer the questions:-

1. "All it is, is empty clothes. Look!"

a. Who said these words?
Ans. Mr. Huxter, a store owner, said these words.

b. What did the speaker unknowingly do immediately after he said this?
Ans. Immediately after the speaker said this, he put out his hand and hit something in the middle

</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</table>

of the air, which, the invisible man said, were his eyes.

2. "And it all points to you."
a. Who said these words and to whom?
Ans. The policeman, Mr. Jaffers, said these words to the invisible man.

b. What does 'it' refer to here?
Ans. The 'it' here refers to the robbery that took place at the priest's house that morning.

c. How does the listener respond to this accusation?
Ans. The listener denied the accusation and said, " What foolish talk".

3. "But it is the rule."
a. Who said these words and to whom?
Ans. The policeman, Mr. Jaffers, said these words to the invisible man.

b. What 'rule' is being referred to here?
Ans. The 'rule' was that a suspect (here, the invisible man) should be handcuffed.

c. What practical problem did the speaker face regarding the rule?
Ans. The problem that Mr. Jaffers faced regarding the rule was that he could not see the wrist of the mysterious visitor, since he was an invisible man.

IV. Answer these questions:-
1. Who were the three men who came into the visitor's room? Why had they come?
Ans. The three men, who came into the visitor's room, were the inn owner, Mr. Hall; the policeman, Mr Jaffers; and the blacksmith, Sandy Wadgers. They came to arrest the invisible man.

2. Why did Huxter pull his hand back with a cry of surprise?
Ans. Huxter pulled his hand back with a cry of surprise because, when he put out his hand and hit something in the middle of the air, the invisible man said that he had hit me in the eye.

3. What reason did Jaffers give for taking the invisible man in the custody?

Ans. Jaffers said that he wanted to take the invisible man in to the custody because there was a robbery that morning in the priest's house and all the circumstances pointed to the invisible man being the culprit.

4. How did the invisible man finally break free of Jaffer's grasp? What happened to Jaffers?

Ans. Jaffers had caught hold of the invisible man, who in turn held Jaffers painfully by the neck. However, Jaffers collapsed under the group of people trying to move out of the front door of the inn and as his head hit the hard road, the invisible man broke free of his hold and escaped. Jaffers was left to the ground with his face looking up the sky, suggesting that he died in the commotion.

V. Think and answer.

1. The invisible man did not want to be handcuffed. What do you think was his reason for resisting handcuffs?

Ans. He did not think the police had enough reason to arrest him.

2. "Here, stop that!" shouted Jaffers, understanding now what was happening. What did Jaffers understand was happening ? Give the answer by completing Jaffers' s unfinished dialogue : "Hold him! If he gets his clothes off. ."

Ans. When the invisible was removing the different items of his clothing, Jaffers immediately understood that he was trying to escape. Therefore, he said, " Hold him! If he gets his clothes off, he would escape. Although invisible, he could still be still be spotted by his clothes that are visible. But if he succeeds in getting rid of them, he will become completely invisible and escape."

VI. Make sentences:

1. invisible- The ferocious tiger was almost invisible by blending into the invisible long grass of the forest.

2. collapsed – The bridge collapsed due to heavy flood in the countryside.

3. exploded- When the bomb exploded, it lead to devastation of the entire city.

			4. prison- The suspect was sent to the prison by the police for a criminal offence. 5. strange- Peter noticed a strange bird during his exploration in the mountains.	
		Poem - Tis a wind and nothing more. 26-07-2021 To 31-07-2021	Write the following questions in the notebook. Draw margins and date Meanings:. 1. dreary – dismal, bleak or boring. 2. lore – folklore 3. bleak- gloomy 4. ember- glowing piece of coal or wood of a dying flame 5. morrow- tomorrow 6. surcease- end Opposites: 1. weak x strong 2.gentlyx roughly 3. lost x found 4. unbroken x broken 5. louder x softer B. Read the sentences and answer these questions: 1. While I nodded, nearly napping , suddenly there came a tapping " a. What was the narrator doing before he nearly fell asleep ? Ans. Before he nearly fell asleep, the narrator was thinking about some of the strange and forgotten stories he had read earlier. b. What did the narrator think when he heard the tapping on the door? Ans. When the narrator heard the tapping sound on his door, he thought it must be a visitor. 2. Eagerly I wished the morrow' --- vainly I had sought to borrow from my books surcease of sorrow.. a. What had the narrator sought from his books ? Ans. The narrator had sought an end to his sorrow from his books. b. What was the reason for the narrator's sorrow? Ans. The narrator was sorrowful because he had lost his lover, a young maiden named Lenore.	

| HISTORY | VEDIC AGE | Answer the following questions.
1. What is Karma?
2. What was the Sapta Sindhu?
3. Name 2 Gods of Early Vedic Period.
4. What was Chaturvarnas?
5. During Early Vedic Period who was the head of the family?
6. What was the dominant economic activity during the Later Vedic Period?
7. Name 4 ashramas during the Vedic period.
8. What is the other name of Early Vedic Period?
9. Name the most important river of the Vedic Period.
10. What was called the Horse sacrifice?

Answers.
1. The concept that human beings face the consequences of their deeds.
2. Sapta Sindhu means the seven sacred rivers.
3. Indra was the chief God; Agni was the God of fire.
4. Brahmin, Kshatriya, Vaishyas and Shudras were the four varnas during Vedic period.
5. The eldest male member was the head of the family.
6. agriculture
7. Brahmacharya, Grihastha, Vanaprastha and Sanyasa are the four ashramas during Vedic Period.
8. Rig Vedic Period
9. Saraswati
10. Ashvamedha Yajna | |
| GEOGRAPHY | Revision Ch 1 and 2 | Q1. Fill in the blanks:-
1) A vast expanse of salt water seperated by continent is _____.
2) A plan gives details of a _____ area.
3) A political map of a country shows_____.
4) Lakes formed by Earth's movements are called _____.
5) The ' Ring of Fire' along the _____ Ocean.

Q2. Give reasons for the following:-
1) Atlantic Ocean is the busiest route for trade and commerce.
2) The Earth is called the ' Blue Planet'.
3) The port of Murmansk in the Article Ocean is ice free.
4) Large ships sail with the receding tides. | |

			Q3. Write short notes on the following.
			1) How are Oceans useful to us? Mention any three major advantages with examples
			2) How does ground water pollution occur? Explain with an example.
			3) What are the important elements of a map?
			4) What is Cartography?
			5) Write a note on the importance of rivers in our life.
			
			Q4 Differentiate between the following:-
			  a. Plan and Sketch
			  b. Point - source pollution and non – point source pollution.
			  c. Globe and Atlas
			  d. Map and Globe	

	Physics	**Matter**	**Fill in the blanks:**
			1. A liquid has a definite_____ but not a definite _____.
			2. In solids the intermolecular forces are very _____.
			3. A molecule consisting of two atoms is called a _____.
			4. A solid can have _____ number of free surfaces
			5. Gases are highly _____ .
			
			Short questions answer:
			1. Define- nanoparticle
			2. Mention the four characteristics of particles of matter.
			3. Give two examples of each
			    a. Monoatomic molecules
			    b. Diatomic molecules
			    c. Polyatomic molecules
				https://youtu.be/KWfT9oWTYqw

	Biology	**Respiratory System**	I. Choose the correct answer: • When we _____ air enters the body through the nose and mouth. • _____ and mucous work to trap dirt and germs before we inhale. • The _____ helps draw air into the lungs. • The structure where the respiratory system and the circulatory system meet is the _____. • The _____ controls the rate of breathing. (exhale, mouth, muscles, cilia, diaphragm, inhale, air sacs, brain)	https://youtu.be/7koLoHfovXw

			II. Differentiate between: • Breathing and respiration. • Inhalation and exhalation. III. Write the causes of the following disease: • Asthma • Tuberculosis • Pneumonia • Bronchitis	
	Computer	**Internet – online Surfing**	1. Fill in the blanks: a) _____ option is used to write a new e-mail. b) _____ is the inbuilt folder in e-mail account that contains deleted mails. c) _____ is the process /practice of sending unwanted mails or messages to large number of users over the Internet generally for commercial purpose of advertising. d) _____ is a service which help us to buy and sell goods and services over the Internet. e) _____ is the mode of payment through money application like payTm. 2. State True or False: a) www.gmail.com is the website for e-commerce. b) Credit card option can be used by credit card holders. c) Mail services allow you to reply back to the same mail. d) Cash on delivery option is used by debit card holders only. e) Always make online payments over a secure connection and on a secure website. 3. Answer the following questions: a) What is spam? b) What is E-commerce? c) Name three websites for online shopping. d) What are the different modes of payment available in E-commerce?	
	Maths	**Basic Geometrical Concept**	**Module- 1 :** Introduction of Point, Line, Plane, EX-10.1; Q.No 1,2,3,4,6,8,9,11. **Module-2 :** Angles Ex- 10.2; Q.No- 1,2 and 3.	https://youtu.be/S8TM4SQD76k https://youtu.be/uRIx_WRBuP4 https://youtu.be/9RTM418qfdI

			Module-3: Recognition of Some Plane Figures. EX-10.3; Q.No.-1,2,3,4,5 and 6 Module-4 : Circle Ex- 10.4; Q.no-1and 2.	https://youtu.be/qz9kIgbGZ3U https://youtu.be/OJ_og9dCQh8
	HINDI	माँ कह एक कहानी	अभ्यास हेतु शब्द - हिमबिंदु, करूण मौखिक कार्य - कविता को बार - बार पढ़कर याद करें । कठिन शब्द - हठी - जिद्दी, सुरभि - खुशबू, आखेटक - शिकारी, बिद्ध - आहत, उभय - दोनों, सदय - दयालु, वर्ण- रंग । लघु - उत्तरीय प्रश्नोत्तर :- 1. कौन, किसको यह कहानी सुना रहा है? 2. उपवन में भ्रमण करने वाला कौन था? 3. हंस को किसने मारा? 4. कविता में हठी किसे कहा गया है? 5. पक्षी को लेकर किसने हठ करने की ठानी? 6. आखेटक किससे पक्षी की माँग करता है? 7. अंत में किसे निर्णय लेने के लिए कहा गया? 8. पक्षी कैसे आहत हुआ था? 9. इस प्रकरण पर माँ के पूछे जाने पर राहुल अपना क्या मत देता है? 10. आखेटक उपवन में किस उद्देश्य से आया था? दीर्घ - प्रश्नोत्तर:- 1. उपवन का दृश्य ? 2. क्य हु ? 3. र्ध् क्य हु क्य ? 4. ष् ख्य - 40 '" " ' त्त 5. क्य -: , भ्र , , क्ष्य	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uP84_3ZF-yk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aW6Ue01tFVE

	SANSKRIT	द्वे विभक्ति
		( )
		(प्रश्न त्त)
			Ex-1. उचित शब्द चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करें।
			
			( ) : _____ खादन्ति
			    (:, , :)
			( ) : _____ श्यन्ति
			    (:, , :)
			( ) स्त
			    (स्त :, स्त , स्त)	

( ) त्वं _____ श्र _ च्छ ? (क्ष , _ , श्र)

( ) _ त्रं _____ स्ति (त्र , त्रः , त्रं)

( ) _____ ह

(ह : , ह , ह)

Ex-2. उचित शब्दरूपों से रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करें ।

प्र विभक्ति द्वे विभक्ति

:

स्त स्त

: -

Ex-3. रेखांकित शब्दों को शुद्ध करें ।

( ) : ___ त्त -

( ) : _ स्त त्त -

( ) _न्द्र श्य त्त - न्द्रं

( ) : ___ ? त्त -

( ) ___ : आगच्छन्ति त्त -

( ) ___ स्ति त्त -

Ex-5. दिए गए शब्दों से उचित शब्द चुनकर संस्कृत में जवाब दें ।

(स्त , _ , : , न्त , न्दि)

( ) : _____ ?

त्त - :

( ) _____ ?

त्त - स्त

( ) प्र : _____ ?

त्त - प्र :

( ) _____ ?

त्त - न्त

(.) क्त : त्र च्छन्ति ?

त्त - क्त : न्दि गच्छन्ति

Ex-6. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों का हिन्दी में अनुवाद करें ।

( ) त्वं

त्त -

( ) : घ्रं धावन्ति

त्त -

( )   ष्य   स्पृ

त्त -

( )   :   ?

त्त -   ?

(.)   :   तिष्ठन्ति

त्त -

Ex-7 .संस्कृत में अनुवाद करें ।

( )

त्त -

( )   श्व   प्र

त्त -   प्र : श्व

( )   ं त्र   हूँ

त्त -   त्रं

( )   :   ?

त्त - :   :   श्य   ?

(.)

त्त -

	URDU	05.07.21 – 17.07.21	

سوال - ہمیں کیسا بول بولنا چاہیے؟

ج - ہمیں میٹھا بول بولنا چاہیے ۔ میٹھی بات سب کو اچھی لگتی ہے ۔

سوال - پہلے تولو، پھر تم بولو سے کیا مراد ہے؟

ج - پہلے سوچو سمجھو پھر بولو ۔

سوال - کڑوی بات سے آپ کیا سمجھتے ہیں؟

ج - کڑوی بات یعنی دل کو دکھانے والی بات نہیں کرنی چاہیے ۔
کڑوی بات کرنے سے اپنے بھی غیر ہو جاتے ہیں ۔

سوال - ہمیں کس بات کی عادت ڈالنی چاہیے؟

ج - ہمیں میٹھی بات بولنے کی عادت ڈالنی چاہیے ۔ میٹھا بولنے سے لوگ سوگ کو آپ دوست بنا سکتے ہیں ۔

سوال - واحد : جمع

شرط - شرائط

سزا - سزائیں

سبق - اسباق

عادت - عادات

فائدہ - فوائد

سوال - جملے بنائیں ۔

(i) میٹھا - مجھے میٹھا پان پسند ہے ۔

(ii) دوست - میرا دوست بہادر ہے ۔

(iii) دکھو - دکھو میں اللہ ہی مدد کرنے والے ہیں ۔

(iv) عادت - سچ بولنے کی عادت ڈالیں ۔

(v) بات - بڑوں سے ادب سے بات کرو ۔

		19.07.21 – 31.07.21

۱. واحد — جمع   الفاظ — افراد

(i) سبق — اسباق   (i) کروی × میٹھی
(ii) فائدہ — فوائد   (ii) عزت × ذلت
(iii) چیز — چیزیں   (iii) قید × آزاد/رہا
(iv) مسجد — مساجد   (iv) چھوٹا × بڑا
(v) مرد — امداد   (v) دوست × دشمن
(vi) بات — باتیں   (vi) دکھ × سکھ
(vii) شرط — شرائط   (vii) بھوک × سیری
(viii) سزا — سزائیں   (viii) بری × اچھی

جنس لکھیں   املا درست کریں

مذکر — مونث   غلط — صحیح

(i) گھوڑا — گھوڑی   (i) عادمی — آدمی
(ii) آدمی — عورت   (ii) خودا — خدا
(iii) عزیز — عزیزہ   (iii) اقل — عقل
(iv) بکرا — بکری   (iv) کید — قید
(v) شبیر — شبیری   (v) دوسط — دوست
(vi) عزیز — عزیزہ   (vi) قام — کام

R. lakshmi

DIRECTOR ACADEMICS