

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21
HOME ASSIGNMENT WITH WEB LINK

CLASS : III
DATE : 05.04. 21 – 27.04.21



SUBJECT	CHAPTERS	ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE S
	<p>CH-4 Noun: Common and Proper 14/06/21 to 19/06/21</p>	<p>I. Write C in front of the common noun and P in front of the proper noun. 1. chocolate :- C 2. MS. Dhoni :- P 3. Ganga :- P 4. Shirt :- C 5. television :- C 6. Lucknow :- P 7. car :- C 8. Toy :- C 9. July :- P 10. Phone :- C 11. restaurant :- C 12. Taj Mahal :- P</p> <p>II. Write two proper nouns against each common noun. 1. boy :- Ankit , Jagdish 2. day :- Monday , Tuesday 3. river :- Ganga , Yamuna 4. month :- June , July 5. actor :- Varun Dhawan , Akshay Kumar 6. mountain :- Himalaya , Nilgiri 7. city :- Jamshedpur , Kolkata 8. car :- Maruti , Honda 9. festival :- Holi , Deepawali 10. names of pets :- Tommy , Bruno 11. book :- Ramayana , Bhagavad Gita 12. cartoon :- Doremon , Micky Mouse</p> <p>III. Rewrite these sentences. Use capital letters where needed. Encircle the Common noun and underline the proper noun. 1. my birthday falls on 23rd december. Ans:- My (birthday) falls on <u>23rd December</u>. 2. sue is my best friend. Ans:- <u>Sue</u> is my best (friend). 3. it is very hot in delhi during may and june. Ans:- <u>It is very hot in Delhi during May and June</u>. 4. kavita, anita and radhika are cousins. Ans:- <u>Kavita , Anita and Radhika</u> are (cousins) . 5. my favourite festival is diwali. Ans:- My favourite (festival) is <u>Diwali</u>. 6. I go to st mary's school. Ans:- I go to <u>St Mary's School</u>.</p>	<p>http://youtu.be/DJy4PV6kETM</p>

7. we live right opposite union bank.

Ans:- We live right opposite Union Bank.

8. the jama masjid is a mosque in delhi.

Ans:- The Jama Masjid is a mosque in Delhi.

9. the stores are closed on sundays.

Ans:- The stores are closed on Sundays.

10. tim is playing games on the computer.

Ans:- Tim is playing games on the computer.

11. The nilgiris are a beautiful mountain range in south india.

Ans:- The Nilgiris are a beautiful mountain range in South India .

12. we celebrate teachers' day on 5 september

Ans:- We celebrate Teachers' Day on 5 September.

IV. Match the columns to make collective noun.

stairs army (5)

bees flock (8)

fish flight (1)

students litter (6)

soldiers swarn (2)

puppies shoal (3)

lions colony (10)

birds bunch (9)

grapes class (4)

ants pride (7)

V. Fill in the blanks with correct collective noun.(Pg 26)

1. A flock of sheep grazed in the fields.

2. A colony of ants carried a biscuit.

3. The pride of lions was asleep.

4. The flight of stairs led to the top of the building.

5. Harsha has been selected in the Indian Hockey team.

6. My friends gave me a bouquet of flowers on my birthday.

7. Our cat had a litter of seven kittens.

8. The pack of wolves howled at midnight.

9. I dropped the bunch of keys in the drain by mistake.
10. The flock always follows the shepherd.

VI. Look at the pictures. Write the appropriate collective noun below each picture.(Pg25)

bunch colony flock swarm bouquet shoal deck class pair pride



Flock of Birds



Bunch of Grapes



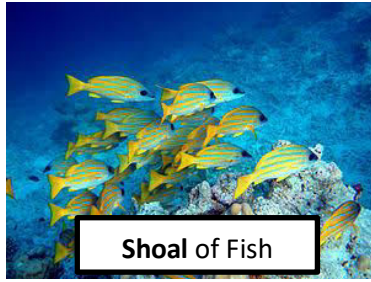
Colony of ants



Bouquet of flowers



Swarm of bees



Shoal of Fish



Deck of cards



Class of students



Pride of lions



Pair of shoes

Ch. – 5 Nouns:
Singular and
Plural

28/06/21 to
02/07/21

1. Match these singular words with their plurals.(Pg No 29)
Singular Plural

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| 1. half | a. zoos (3) |
| 2. poppy | b. students (11) |
| 3. zoo | c. halves (1) |
| 4. penny | d. cherries (9) |
| 5. switch | e. churches (10) |
| 6. calf | f. batches (8) |
| 7. toe | g. poppies (2) |
| 8. batch | h. planks (12) |
| 9. cherry | I. calves (6) |
| 10. church | j. pennies (4) |
| 11. student | k. switches (5) |
| 12. plank | l. toes (7) |

**2. Complete the table with the correct singular and plural forms:
(Pg No 30)**

Singular		Plural
1. scarf	-	scarves
2. batch	-	batches
3. latch	-	latches
4. fox	-	foxes
5. chimney	-	chimneys
6. thief	-	thieves
7. city	-	cities
8. lady	-	ladies
9. louse	-	lice
10. brush	-	brushes
11. wife	-	wives
12. shelf	-	shelves

3. Write the correct form of these nouns. (Pg No 31)

Singular		Plural
1. toy	-	toys
2. mango	-	mangoes
3. sister-in-law	-	sisters-in-law
4. proof	-	proofs
5. valley	-	valleys
6. photo	-	photos
7. fish	-	fishes
8. kilo	-	kilos
9. chief	-	chiefs
10. piano	-	pianos
11. cargo	-	cargoes
12. sheep	-	sheep

<http://youtu.be/HvkcbxqH AU0>

4. Select the correct plural form for each word from the options.

1. elf - **elves**
a. elfs b. elves
2. rhino - **rhinos**
a. rhinos b. rhinoes
3. loaf - **loaves**
a. loafes b. loaves
4. volcano - **volcanoes**
a. volcanos b. volcanoes
5. country - **countries**
a. countries b. countrys
6. self - **selves**
a. selves b. selfs
7. hero - **heroes**
a. heros b. heroes
8. mosquito - **mosquitoes**
a. mosquitos b. mosquitoes
9. donkey - **donkeys**
a. donkeys b. donkies
10. roof - **roofs**
a. roofs b. rooves

5. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate singular/plural form of the nouns in the brackets.

1. Our school has a big library. It has many books.
(library, book)
2. The books are filled with stories. (book, story)
3. Someone walked through the hall. (hall)
4. My dad gifted me a new watch on my birthday.
(watch, birthday)
5. These paintings have been made by my mother.
(painting)
6. There is a small lake near my house. It has many ducks. (lake ,
duck)
7. I watched many films while I was sick. (film)
8. A cat has nine lives. (cat, life)

		<p>9. A group of ants swarmed around a <u>biscuit</u>. (ant, biscuit)</p> <p>10. Look at the <u>fireworks</u> lighting up the <u>sky</u>. (firework, sky)</p> <p>11. My mother was carrying five shopping <u>bags</u> when she came out of the <u>mall</u>. (bag, mall)</p> <p>12. I watched a show about <u>insect</u>. (insect)</p> <p>6. Find the errors and rewrite these sentences correctly:- Ex-C Pg -34</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Aeroplane have wing. 2. Tree grow branch and leaf. 3. I eat a lot of fruit and vegetable. 4. There are many goose in that pond. 5. I have two parrot and a turtle as pet. 6. That lakes is beautiful. 7. I bought some new cloth. 8. My dad receives many letter in a day. 9. I have never travelled in a trains. 10. We saved our penny,nickels and dimes. <p>Answers :-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Aeroplanes have wings. 2. Trees grow branches and leaves. 3. I eat a lot of fruits and vegetables. 4. There are many geese in that pond. 5. I have two parrots and a turtle as pets. 6. That lake is beautiful. 7. I bought some new clothes. 8. My dad receives many letters in a day. 9. I have never travelled in a train. 10. We saved our pennies, nickel and dimes 																									
	<p>Ch 6 – Noun : Gender</p> <p>03/07/21 to 07/07/21</p>	<p>language book. Learn pg 36 Match these masculine nouns with feminine ones: 1-f, 2- j, 3- h , 4- g, 5 – i, 6- b, 7 – c 8 – a, 9- e, 10- d Learn pg 38 Classify these nouns into masculine, feminine and neuter gender:</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>Masculine</th> <th>feminine</th> <th>neuter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>priest</td> <td>cow</td> <td>tree</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ram</td> <td>mother</td> <td>toy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>waiter</td> <td>empress</td> <td>ball</td> </tr> <tr> <td>grandfather</td> <td>duck</td> <td>pencil</td> </tr> <tr> <td>boy</td> <td>hen</td> <td>stone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>nephew</td> <td>princess</td> <td>paper</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>daughter</td> <td>mountain</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Practise: A Name the correct gender of the nouns: steward - masculine sister - feminine nun - feminine baroness - feminine tree - neuter school - neuter</p>	Masculine	feminine	neuter	priest	cow	tree	ram	mother	toy	waiter	empress	ball	grandfather	duck	pencil	boy	hen	stone	nephew	princess	paper		daughter	mountain	<p>http://youtu.be/2G6JPMck0iw https://youtu.be/Um4suK9PtJ4</p>
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- lord - masculine
- emperor - masculine
- god - masculine
- sun - masculine
- carrot - neuter
- doe - feminine

B. Solve the crossword using the clues. The answers are the opposite gender forms of the highlighted nouns in each clue. (Pg.38 and 39)

Across

- 1. brother - sister
- 4. uncle - aunt
- 5. bull - cow
- 6. lord - lady
- 9. fox - vixen
- 11 king - queen
- 12 son - daughter

Down

- 2.husband - wife
- 3.princes - princess
- 7.manservant - maid
- 8.waiter - waitresses
- 10 monk - nun

***The assignments given below have to be done in the English language note book.**

Ex A Pg-36 (Q1-10)

Write the correct masculine or feminine nouns.

- | Masculine | Feminine |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1. heir | heiress |
| 2. host | hostess |
| 3. bridegroom | bride |
| 4. monk | nun |
| 5. duke | duchess |
| 6. gentleman | gentlewoman |
| 7. emperor | empress |
| 8. headmaster | headmistress |
| 9. hero | heroine |
| 10. shepherd | shepherdess |

Ex B Pg-37 (Q1-10)

Fill in the blanks with the correct gender forms for animals.

- | Masculine | Feminine |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. bull | cow |
| 2. fox | vixen |
| 3. stallion | mare |
| 4. peacock | peahen |
| 5. ram | ewe |
| 6. buck | doe |
| 7. gander | goose |
| 8. drone | bee |
| 9. colt | filly |
| 10. drake | duck |

		<p>section. Tithi is well mannered girl. She is tall, fair good looking and smart. She is very good in her studies and always does her work attentively in the class. Entire teacher loves her very much. We too are very good friend. We sit in the class on the same bench side by side. We share many things with each other. We also share our Tiffin. Without her I feel very uneasy at the time of my Tiffin break. She is well mannered and she respects to my feelings.</p> <p>I always thank god for giving me such a nice friend. I wish her to be my best friend always in my life.</p>	
	08/07/21 to 10/07/21	Comprehension (Pg no. 126, English Language Book)	
	21/06/21 to 26/06/21	Letter Writing (Pg no. 44, English Literature Book)	

ACADEMIC DIRECTOR

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SESSION 2020-21
HOME ASSIGNMENT (14/06/2021 to 14/07/2021)



CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC/ CHAPTER	MODULE /ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINKS
III	English Literature	The River Bank	The assignment should be done in the English Literature notebook.	http://youtu.be/cPqjZpNSI4
		14/06/2021	<p>The River Bank 1. Word Bank: (Write the name of the chapter on top and write the word bank in the notebook) [1st page] [NOTE: Write each word of the word bank two times in the notebook.] scrambled - scram-bled aimlessly - aim-less-ly meadow - mead-ow thrusting - thrus-ting</p> <p>happily – happ-ily arrival - ar-ri-val enquired - en-quire-d murmur - mur-mur hauled cheerful - cheer-ful rustle – rus-tle returned – re-turned memories – mem-o-ries beautiful – beau-ti-ful woodland - wood- land mole</p>	
		17/06/2021	<p>2. Word Meanings: scrambled -moved quickly meadow -a piece of grassland thrusting -pushing somebody violently in a particular direction</p>	

aimlessly -having no direction or plan
 enquired - asked somebody for some information
 hauled -pulled something with a lot of effort
 rustle -a light dry sound like leaves or pieces of paper rubbing against each other

19/06/2021

- 3. Antonyms:-**
1. happy x sad.
 2. beautiful x ugly
 3. appeared x disappeared
 4. friend x enemy
 5. trust x distrust
 6. shy x bold
 7. delicious x inedible
 8. little x large

22/06/2021

- 4. Answer the following:**
- i) Who did Mole meet near the river bank?
Ans: The Mole met the Rat near the river bank.
 - ii) What did Mole and Rat plan to do?
Ans: The Mole and Rat planned to row down the river and spend a day on the boat.
 - iii) Where did they go for a picnic?
Ans: They went to a mill house for a picnic.
 - iv) Who all did they meet there?
Ans: They met an otter and a Badger when they reached the mill house.
 - v) What did they have for lunch?
Ans: They had cold chicken, french rolls and lemonade for lunch.

24/06/2021

- 5. Refernce to the context**
- i). 'You know, I have never been in a boat before.'
 - a. Who said these words to whom?
Ans: The Mole said this to the Rat.

b. Where was the speaker when he said these words?
Ans: The speaker was on the riverbed when he said these words.
c. Do you think the speaker was excited to be on a boat?
Ans: Yes, he was excited, as he hadn't been in a boat before.

ii) 'Greedy fellows, why didn't you invite me?'

a. Who said these words to whom?
Ans: The Otter said these words to the Mole and Rat.
b. Why did he call them greedy fellows?
Ans: The Rat and Mole were enjoying the picnic alone when the Otter met them. So, he called them greedy fellows.
c. What were they doing?
Ans: They were enjoying a picnic.

iii) 'He is a shy one. We will see no more of him today.'

a. Who said these words to whom?
Ans: The Rat said this to the Mole and otter.
b. Who are they talking about?
Ans: They were talking about the Badger.
c. Why would they not see him today?
Ans: The Badger was shy. So they wouldn't see him on that day.

26/06/2021

6) Make sentences: [Make sentences on your own]

- i) spring -
- ii) feast -
- iii) shy -
- iv) greedy -
- v) memories -
- vi) beautiful -
- vii) basket -

*Ch. :
From a
Railway
Carriage*

Ch - From a Railway Carriage (poem) The assignment should be written in the notebook.

29/06/2021

1) Learn and write first eight lines of the poem ."From a Railway Carriage"

1/7/2021

Word Bank:
faster - fast-er
bridge – bridge
station - sta-tion
houses - hous-es
runaway - run-a-way
forever - for-ev-er
load – load
cattle - cat-tle
battle - bat-tle

3/7/2021

2) Learn and Write the meanings
a) hedge-rows of bushes planted close to each other to form a fence or a boundary.
b) ditches -long, narrow, channel dug in the earth.
c) meadow -open area covered with grass.
d) scrambles-to move quickly, especially with difficulty using your hand as well.
e) clammers -to climb or move with difficulty or a effort, using your hand.
f) brambles-a wild bush with thorns on which blackberries grow.
e) tramp -a person who travels from place to place on foot in search of work.
f) gazes -to look at some things for a very long.
g) stringing the daisies -making a garland of daisies.
h) lumping -carrying a heavy load with difficulty.
l) glimpse -look at somebody something for a very short time .

<http://youtu.be/sql-NMDela8>
<https://englishforevereveryone.Org/Topic/Reading,Comprehension.html>

6/7/2021

3)Opposites

1. faster x slower
2. thick x thin
3. ever x never
4. witch x angel
5. painted x unpainted
6. load x unload
7. glimpse x stare
8. gathering x scattering

8/7/2021

4) Answer the following questions:

1. Which two magical beings travel slower than the train?
Ans. Fairies and witches travel slower than the train.
2. Name four places that the train passes as it runs along.
Ans. The train passes along hedges, ditches, meadows and hills.
3. What are some of the sights that can be seen from the train window?
Ans. We can see house , bridges, tramp and mill from the train window.
4. What does the tramp do?
Ans. The tramp stands and gazes at moving train.
5. How does the cart get along?
Ans. The cart runs on the road with difficulty carrying a heavy load.
6. How long can we see a sight from the train?
Ans. We can see a sight from the train for a very short period of time.

10/7/2021

5)Reference to context:

1. And ever again in the wink of an eye
Painted stations whistle by.
 - a. Who whistle – the train on the station?
Ans. The train whistles.
 - b. How fast can you see the station passing by?
Ans. The station passes by in the wink of an eye.
2. Here is a child who clammers and scrambles.

All by himself and gathering brambles,

a. Which two words the poet use to show the action of the child?

Ans. Clambers and scrambles.

b. What is the child gathering?

Ans. The child is gathering blackberries

13/07/2021

6)Make sentences on your own

1. faster
2. fairies
3. station
4. meadow
5. mill

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENT

DATE – 14.6.21 – 14.7.21

CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC	ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE
STD 3	HINDI LANG	पाठ 6 लिंग	<p>सभीकार्योंकोअपनीहिंदीभाषाकी कॉपी में साफ औरसुंदरढंग से करें।</p> <p>पाठ 6 लिंग</p> <p>परिभाषा- जिन शब्दों से स्त्रीजातियापुरुषजातिकाबोध होता है, वे लिंग कहलाते हैं।</p> <p>लिंगदोतरहकेहोते हैं - स्त्रीलिंगऔरपुल्लिंग दादी, चाची, नानी, मामी, बहन, मांआदिस्त्रीलिंगशब्दहैं। दादा, चाचा, नाना, मामा, भाई, पिताआदिपुल्लिंगशब्दहैं। पुल्लिंग स्त्रीलिंग</p> <p>चूहाचुहिया बछड़ाबछिया बैल गाय बिलाव बिल्ली हिरन हिरनी मोर मोरनी सिंह सिंहनी बंदरबंदरिया घोड़ा घोड़ी हाथी हथिनी</p> <p>अभ्यास कार्य</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. सहीशब्दलिखकर वाक्य पूरे करें- 1. मेज़ पर कलम <u>रखी</u> है। 2. आज बहुत<u>ठंड</u> है। 	

			<p>3. चटनीबहुतखट्टी है। 4. भैयाअखबारपढ़रहे हैं। 5. कुम्हारबरतन बनारहा है। 6. मेरेहाथ से दूध का गिलासगिरगया।</p> <p>II. नीचे दिए गए शब्दोंकेस्त्रीलिंगरूपलिखें -</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. चूहा - 2. बिलाव - 3. सिंह - 4. घोड़ा - 5. हाथी - 6. बछड़ा - <p>पाठ 12 विलोम शब्द</p> <p>परिभाषा- एक-दूसरेका उलटाअर्थबताने वाले शब्दविलोमया विपरीतार्थक शब्दकहलाते हैं।</p> <p>पाठ 12 विलोम शब्द</p> <p>शब्दविलोम</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td>सुख</td> <td>×</td> <td>दुख</td> </tr> <tr> <td>पूरा</td> <td>×</td> <td>आधा</td> </tr> <tr> <td>आना</td> <td>×</td> <td>जाना</td> </tr> <tr> <td>अच्छा।</td> <td>×</td> <td>बुरा</td> </tr> <tr> <td>अपना</td> <td>×</td> <td>पराया</td> </tr> <tr> <td>प्रश्न</td> <td>×</td> <td>उत्तर</td> </tr> <tr> <td>असली</td> <td>×</td> <td>नकली</td> </tr> <tr> <td>गुण</td> <td>×</td> <td>अवगुण/ दोष</td> </tr> <tr> <td>भीतर</td> <td>×</td> <td>बाहर</td> </tr> <tr> <td>कच्चा</td> <td>×</td> <td>पक्का</td> </tr> <tr> <td>नया</td> <td>×</td> <td>पुराना</td> </tr> <tr> <td>हलका</td> <td>×</td> <td>भारी</td> </tr> </table>	सुख	×	दुख	पूरा	×	आधा	आना	×	जाना	अच्छा।	×	बुरा	अपना	×	पराया	प्रश्न	×	उत्तर	असली	×	नकली	गुण	×	अवगुण/ दोष	भीतर	×	बाहर	कच्चा	×	पक्का	नया	×	पुराना	हलका	×	भारी	
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नया	×	पुराना																																						
हलका	×	भारी																																						

			<p>अभ्यास कार्य</p> <p>I. उचितविलोम शब्द को रेखांकितकरें-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. सुख- भारी <u>दुखबुरा</u> 2. पूरा- जाना <u>पुरानाआधा</u> 3. अपना- <u>परायानकलीपुराना</u> 4. गुण- जीत <u>दोषदूर</u> 5. नया- आसान <u>नकलीपुराना</u> 6. हलका- <u>भारीगीला पतला</u> <p>II. मिलान करें-</p> <p>आना बुरा अच्छाजाना प्रश्नकली असली उत्तर कच्चाबाहर भीतरपक्का</p> <p>पाठ 4 वर्तनीकाशुद्धलेखन</p> <p>ए औरऐ</p> <p>अशुद्ध शुद्ध भाषाएँ भाषाएं सैना सेना ऐसा ऐसा ऐनक ऐनक मेनेजरमैनेजर महिलाएँ महिलाएं नेतिक नैतिक चाहिंँचाहिए</p>	
		<p>पाठ 4 वर्तनीकाशुद्धलेखन</p>		

		<p>ओ औरऔ त्यौहारत्योहार नोकरीनौकरी पकोडापकौडा गोतम गौतम बौतल बोतल होले - होले हौले- हौले औला ओला लोकी लौकी</p> <p>ऋ रितु ऋतु रिषिऋषि ऋषि कृषि प्रिथवी पृथ्वी</p> <p>पाठ 11 पर्यायवाची शब्द</p> <p>परिभाषा- समानअर्थवालेशब्दों को समानार्थकया पर्यायवाचीशब्दकहते हैं।</p> <p>पाठ 11 पर्यायवाची शब्द</p> <p>शब्दपर्यायवाची शब्द चंद्रमा- चांदशशिचंद्रा पेड़- तरु वृक्ष विटप रात - रात्रिनिशा रजनी सूरज- सूर्य दिनकररवि आकाश- गगनआसमाननभ</p> <p>अभ्यास कार्य</p> <p>सहीपर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें - चांद - शशि रात्रि- निशा सूर्य- रवि वृक्ष- तरु गगन- नभ</p>	
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		पाठ 16 हिन्दीसंख्याएं	पाठ 16 हिन्दीसंख्याएं अंग्रेजीअंक हिंदीअंक शब्द 1 १एक 2 २दो 3 ३तीन 4 ४चार 5 ५पांच 6 ६छह 7 ७सात 8 ८आठ 9 ९नौ 10 १०दस 11 ११ग्यारह 12 १२बारह 13 १३तेरह 14 १४चौदह 15 १५पंद्रह 16 १६सोलह 17 १७सत्रह 18 १८अठारह 19 १९उत्तीस 20 २०बीस 21 २१इक्कीस 22 २२बाईस 23 २३तेईस 24 २४चौबीस 25 २५पच्चीस अभ्यास कार्य I. शब्दोंकी हिन्दी संख्याएं लिखें- पांच- ५ दस - १० चौदह- १४	
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			<p>अठारह- १८ चौबीस- २४</p> <p>II. संख्याओं को शब्दों में लिखें -</p> <p>४- चार ९- नौ १२- बारह १९- उन्नीस २३- तेईस</p>	
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KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENT

DATE – 14.6.21 – 14.7.21

CLASS	SUBJECT	CHAPTER	ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE
STD 3	HINDI LIT	जीवन एक झरना	<p>जीवन एक झरना</p> <p>कविता से संबंधित चित्र अपनी कॉपी में बनाएं और सुंदर लिखावट में कविता लिखें।</p> <p>I. शब्दार्थ लिखें –</p> <p>तीर - किनारा राह - रास्ता गति - चाल, जोश यौवन - जवानी</p> <p>II. प्रश्न/उत्तर लिखें –</p> <p>1. जीवन की तुलना किससे की गई है? और क्यों? उत्तर- जीवन की तुलना झरने से की गई है क्योंकि झरने की तरह ही जीवन भी निरंतर आगे बढ़ता रहता है।</p> <p>2. जीवन के झरने में कौन- सा पानी है? उत्तर- जीवन के झरने में मस्ती रूपी पानी है।</p> <p>3. सुख -दुख किसके समान हैं? उत्तर- सुख – दुख जीवन रूपी झरने के दो किनारे हैं।</p> <p>4. कैसे पता चलता है कि झरने में यौवन है? उत्तर- झरने का उत्साह और गति देखकर पता चलता है कि झरने में यौवन है।</p> <p>5. झरना हमसे क्या कहता है? उत्तर- झरना हमसे हमेशा आगे बढ़ते रहने के लिए कहता है।</p>	

			<p>6. रुक जाना किसके समान है?</p> <p>उत्तर- रुक जाना मर जाने के समान है।</p> <p>III. काव्यांश पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखें-</p> <p>झरने में गति है यौवन है, वह आगे बढ़ता जाता है। धुन एक सिर्फ है चलने की, अपनी मस्ती में गाता है।</p> <p>1. झरने में क्या है?</p> <p>उत्तर- झरने में गति और यौवन है।</p> <p>2. झरना कहां जाता है?</p> <p>उत्तर- झरना आगे बढ़ता जाता है।</p> <p>3. झरने में क्या धुन है?</p> <p>उत्तर- झरने में चलते रहने की धुन है।</p> <p>4. झरना किसमें गाता है?</p> <p>उत्तर- झरना अपनी मस्ती में गाता है।</p> <p>IV. सरलार्थ लिखें –</p> <p>चलना है, केवल चलना है जीवन चलता रहता है। मर जाना है रुक जाना ही, झरना यह झरकर कहता है।</p> <p>उत्तर – जीवन चलने का नाम है। रुक जाना मर जाने के समान है। झरना हमें यही सिखाता है।</p> <p>V. वाक्य बनायें –</p> <p>1. गति -जीवन में गति का होना आवश्यक है। 2. मस्ती- होली मस्ती भरा त्योहार है। 3. झरना- झरना निरंतर झरते रहता है।</p>	
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		<p>प्रदूषण राक्षस</p>	<p>पाठ 7 प्रदूषण राक्षस</p> <p>VI. कठिन शब्द : चिंतित, सुंदर, चीख, सींग, शक्तिशाली, क्रूर, निर्माण, उम्मीद, दुर्भाग्य, व्यर्थ</p> <p>VII. शब्दार्थ लिखें –</p> <p>भयानक - डरावना चिंतित - परेशान बख्शाना - छोड़ना निकट - पास शक्तिशाली - ताकतवर क्रूर - कठोर, दुष्ट निर्माण - बनाना उम्मीद - आशा दुर्भाग्य - बुरी किस्मत व्यर्थ - बेकार सुरक्षा - बचाव भरसक - पूरी तरह</p> <p>VIII. उत्तर लिखें –</p> <p>1. इस एकांकी में किह समस्या को उठाया गया है?</p> <p>उत्तर- इस एकांकी में प्रदूषण की समस्या को उठाया गया है।</p> <p>2. प्रदूषण की समस्या से कौन -कौन परेशान हैं?</p> <p>उत्तर- प्रदूषण की समस्या से समस्त प्रकृति यानि मनुष्य, पशु – पक्षी, पेड़-पौधे सभी परेशान हैं।</p> <p>3. आम और नीम मिलकर किसको पुकारते हैं?</p> <p>उत्तर- आम और नीम मिलकर माता धरती और पिता बादल को पुकारते हैं।</p>	
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			<p>4. आम और नीम को किसने सुरक्षा दी?</p> <p>उत्तर- आम और नीम को बरगद के वृक्ष ने सुरक्षा दी।</p> <p>5. बादल कहां अधिक जल नहीं बरसा पाता है?</p> <p>उत्तर- जहां घने जंगल नहीं है, वहां बादल अधिक जल नहीं बरसा पाता है।</p> <p>IX. प्रश्न/उत्तर लिखें –</p> <p>1. नीम के पौधे डर क्यों लग रहा था?</p> <p>उत्तर- नीम के पौधे को डरावनी आवाजें सुनकर डर लग रहा था।</p> <p>2. कोयल ने भयानक आवाज के बारे में क्या बताया?</p> <p>उत्तर- कोयल ने बताया कि, यह भयानक आवाज दुष्ट प्रदूषण राक्षस की है।</p> <p>3. धरती ने अपने आपको नीम और आम के पौधों की रक्षा करने में असमर्थ क्यों बताया?</p> <p>उत्तर- धरती ने अपने आपको नीम और आम के पौधों की रक्षा करने में असमर्थ बताया क्योंकि प्रदूषण राक्षस बहुत ही शक्तिशाली और क्रूर है।</p> <p>4. पौधों को किसने दिलासा दी?</p> <p>उत्तर- पौधों को बरगद के पेड़ ने दिलासा दी।</p> <p>5. बरगद ने प्रदूषण के बारे में क्या कहा?</p> <p>उत्तर- बरगद ने कहा कि, इस प्रदूषण से हमें मनुष्य ही बचा सकता है लेकिन उससे ज्यादा उम्मीद करना व्यर्थ है। ऐसे में हमें स्वयं ही इससे बचना होगा।</p>	
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			<p>X. सही उत्तर पर ठीक (✓) का चिन्ह लगायें –</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. प्रदूषण की आवाज की पहचान किसने की? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) नीम के पौधे ने (2) आम के पौधे ने (3) कोयल ने (✓) 2. राक्षस से बचने के लिए पौधे क्यों नहीं भाग सकते थे? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) क्योंकि उनकी जड़ें धरती के अंदर थी (✓) (2) क्योंकि वे छोटे थे (3) क्योंकि उन्हें भागना नहीं आता था 3. बादल का दुर्भाग्य क्या है? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) वह अपने बच्चों को अपने सामने मरते देखेगा (✓) (2) वह बहुत कमजोर है (3) वह स्वार्थी है 4. पौधों को राक्षस से किसने बचाया? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) बरगद ने (✓) (2) धरती ने (3) बादल ने <p>XI. किसने कहा –</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. “मैं क्या उसकी मौसी लगती हूँ मैं तो अपनी जान बचाने के लिए बचाने के लिए यहां से भाग जाऊंगी, लेकिन तुम तो भाग भी नहीं सकते।” <p>उत्तर- कोयल ने कहा।</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. “मुझे तुम्हारे साथ पूरी सहानुभूति है। लेकिन मैं चाहते हुए भी तुम्हारी मदद नहीं कर सकती। “ <p>उत्तर – धरती ने कहा।</p>	
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			<p>3. “राक्षस कितना भी बड़ा और शक्तिशाली क्यों न हो, वह किसी- न- किसी के हाथों मारा ही जाता है।”</p> <p>उत्तर- आम के पौधे ने कहा।</p> <p>4. “यह हमारा दुर्भाग्य है कि हम अपने सामने अपने बच्चों को मरते हुए देखेंगे।”</p> <p>उत्तर- बादल ने कहा।</p> <p>5. “जाता हूँ, जाता हूँ मगर फिर आऊंगा। बकरे की मां कब तक खैर मनाएगी?”</p> <p>उत्तर- प्रदूषण राक्षस ने कहा।</p> <p>6. “एक वायदा करना होगा। बड़े होकर तुम भी अपने छोटे भाई-बहनों की ऐसे ही सुरक्षा करोगे।”</p> <p>उत्तर – बरगद के पेड़ ने कहा।</p> <p>XII. वाक्य बनायें –</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. प्रदूषण – प्रदूषण एक बहुत बड़ी समस्या है। 2. कोशिश – हमें कोशिश करते रहनी चाहिए। 3. मनुष्य – मनुष्य को सदा अच्छे कर्म करने चाहिए। 4. कोयल – कोयल सुरीला गाती है। 	
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KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENT (14th June 2021 to 15th July2021)
ROUND—2 First Term 2021-22



CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC / CHAPTER	MODULE / ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINKS									
III	EVS	<p>Ch.7 Solid, liquid and Gas</p> <p>21.6.21</p> <p>22.6.21</p> <p>23.6.21</p> <p>24.6.21</p> <p>25.6.21</p>	<p><u>Assignments to be done in the notebook.</u></p> <p>I. Word Bank Weight, matter, molecules, properties, gaseous, evaporation, volume, condensation, melting, freezing.</p> <p>II. Tick (✓) the correct answer:</p> <p>a. Water exists in three forms. i. two ii. Four iii. five iv. Three</p> <p>b. When water is frozen, it becomes ice i. ice ii. steam iii. both of these iv. none of these</p> <p>c. Steam is this form of water I. liquid ii. Solid iii. gaseous iv. Ice</p> <p>d. The molecules are the most closely packed in I. liquid ii. solids iii. Gases Iv. all of them</p> <p>III. Fill in the blanks :</p> <p>a. Pieces of ice are solid and have a definite shape. b. The gases have no definite volume, shape or size. c. Matter has weight and it occupies shape. d. Water flows easily , because it is a liquid.</p> <p>IV. Answer the following questions :</p> <p>a. What is matter ? Ans : Anything that has weight and occupies space is called matter.</p> <p>b. Write any two differences between liquids, solids, gases. Ans :</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Solids</th> <th>Liquids</th> <th>Gases</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Solids have definite shape and size.</td> <td>Liquids have a fixed volume but do not have a fixed shape.</td> <td>Gases have no definite volume shape or size.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The molecules in solids are very closely packed.</td> <td>Molecules have space between them.</td> <td>Molecules have maximum space between them.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>c. Define :</p> <p>a) evaporation b) Condensation</p> <p>Ans : a. Evaporation - The change of water into water vapour on heating is called evaporation. Condensation – The change of water vapour on cooling is called</p>	Solids	Liquids	Gases	Solids have definite shape and size.	Liquids have a fixed volume but do not have a fixed shape.	Gases have no definite volume shape or size.	The molecules in solids are very closely packed.	Molecules have space between them.	Molecules have maximum space between them.	<p>https://youtu.be/MrTxRn9MNWM</p>
Solids	Liquids	Gases											
Solids have definite shape and size.	Liquids have a fixed volume but do not have a fixed shape.	Gases have no definite volume shape or size.											
The molecules in solids are very closely packed.	Molecules have space between them.	Molecules have maximum space between them.											

condensation.

d. Differentiate between melting and freezing.

Ans :

Melting	Freezing
The process of changing a solid into liquid is called melting.	The process of changing a liquid into a solid is called freezing.

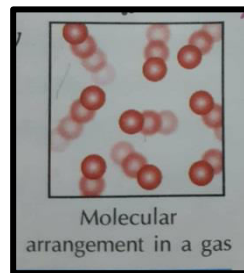
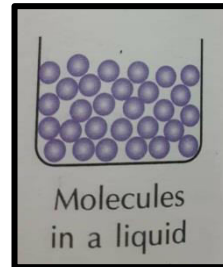
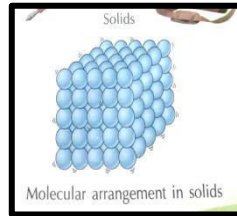
28.6.21

Put these objects in the correct columns :

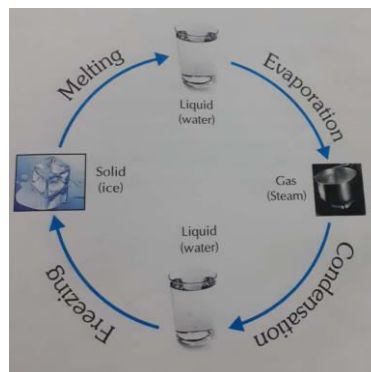
Oxygen, nitrogen, oil, cake, car, petrol, carbondioxide, table, milk

Solids	Liquids	Gases
Cake	Oil	Oxygen
Car	Petrol	Nitrogen
Table	Milk	Carbondioxide

Draw the arrangement of molecules in solid , liquid and gases



Fill in the boxes :



III

E.V.S

Ch.5 Plants in the surroundings

29.6.21

30.6.21

01.7.21

Word Bank :

Ground , shoot, branches, fibrous root, sugarcane, chlorophyll, pigment, photosynthesis, stalk, stomata, carbon dioxide, germination, radical, plumule .

II. Fill in the blanks :

- a. The radicle grows into the roots .
- b. The bud changes into a flower.
- c. Leaves contain a green pigment called chlorophyll .
- d. The stem carries water and minerals from the root to other parts of a parts.
- e. The flower on the stem of a plant changes into a fruit.
- f. Root is the part of the plant that remains under the ground.
- g. We eat flowers of broccoli.
- h. The baby plant inside a seed is called embryo.

III. Answer the following questions:

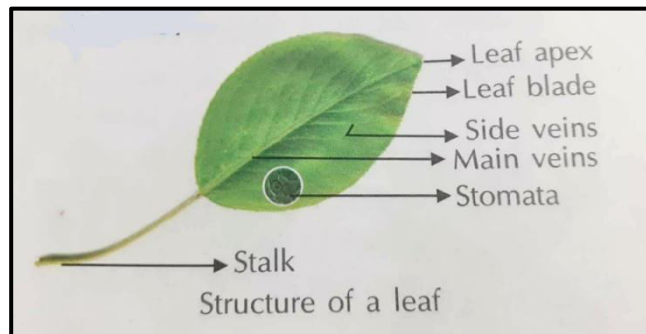
a. Distinguish between fibrous and tap root.

Ans :

Fibrous root	Tap root
1. Fibrous roots do not have a main root. All roots are similar.	Tap root has only one main and long root. The smaller roots that grow from the main root are called lateral roots.
2. Fibrous roots are short and most of them grow horizontally in the soil. Eg -Grass, Wheat	2. Tap root grows vertically deep into the soil. Eg -Mango , Neem

b. Explain the parts of a leaf. Support your answer with a diagram.

Ans :



Stalk - The stalk attaches the leaf to the branches of the tree.

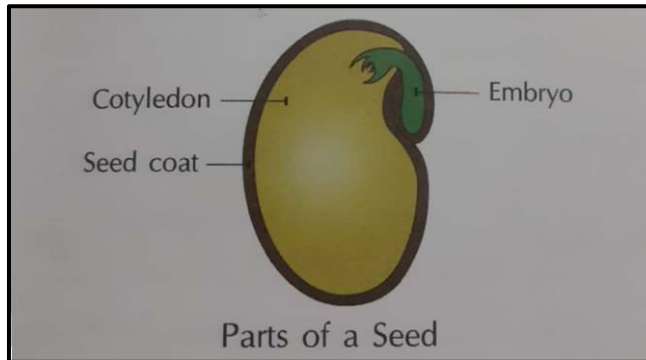
Leaf blade – The flat broad part of leaf is called leaf blade.

<https://youtu.be/k75IUETJO>

Main vein – In the middle of the leaf is the main vein.
Side vein – Many side veins branch out from main vein.
Stomata – Tiny pores present on the underside of the leaf is called stomata.

c. Explain the parts of a seed. Support your answer with a diagram.

Ans :



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Seed coat – It is the outer covering of the seed. It protects the baby plant present inside the seed.

Seed leaves or cotyledons – The cotyledons contain stored food which is used by the baby plants for growth.

c. Embryo – It is the baby plant that grows into a new plant.

d. What is germination ?

Ans : The process by which seeds grow into a new plant in presence of air, water and warmth is called germination.

e. What are monocot and dicot seeds ?

Ans : Monocot seeds - Seeds that have only one cotyledons are called monocot seeds Eg - wheat, maize, rice etc.

Dicot seeds – Seeds that have two cotyledons are called dicot seeds Eg – bean, pea, gram etc.

IV. Give reasons for the following :

a. Non-green plants cannot prepare their food.

Ans : Non green plants cannot prepare their food because they do not have chlorophyll in their leaves which break down carbon dioxide and water.

b. Leaves are called the food factory of the plant.

Ans : Leaves are called the food factory of the plant because they prepare food for the whole plant.

c. Seeds are an important part of the plant.

Ans : Seeds are an important part of the plant because it stored food which is used by the baby plants for growth.

d. A seed kept in an air-tight container does not germinate.

Ans : When a seed kept in an air tight container does not germinate because the seed will not get air as well as moisture.

e. A yellow leaf cannot prepare its food.

Ans : A yellow leaf cannot prepare its food due to the absence of

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https://youtu.be/JSe_VUMymjo

chlorophyll and hence absence of photosynthesis.

Revision Assignment

I. Fill in the blanks :

- a. Water exists in _____ forms.
- b. When water is frozen, it becomes _____.
- c. Pieces of ice are _____ and have a definite shape.
- d. The _____ have no definite volume, shape or size.
- e. Matter has _____ and it occupies _____.

II. Answer these questions:

- a. Write any two differences between liquids, solids, gases.
- b. Define :
 - a. evaporation
 - b. Condensation

I. Fill in the blanks :

- a) Leaves contain a green pigment called _____.
- b) The _____ carries water and minerals from the root to other parts of a plant.
- c) The _____ on the stem of a plant changes into a fruit.
- d) _____ is the part of the plant that remains under the ground.
- e) The baby plant inside a seed is called _____.

Answer these questions:

- a) What are monocot and dicot seeds ?
- b) A yellow leaf cannot prepare its food. Give reason.
- c) Seeds are an important part of the plant.

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENTS (14th JUNE to 10th JULY)

CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC/CHAPTER	MODULE/ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINK
III	MATHS	<p style="text-align: center;">CH-3 ADDITION</p> <p style="text-align: center;">14-6-21</p>	<p>I. Find the sum.</p> <p>a. 308 +195 _____</p> <p>b. 995 +658 _____</p> <p>c. 475 +286 _____</p> <p>d. 654 +386 _____</p> <p>e. 530 +187 _____</p>	https://youtu.be/TBzsG75tvhw
		<p style="text-align: center;">15-6-21</p>	<p>II. Find the sum:</p> <p>a. 465 362 + 178 _____</p> <p>b. 659 268 + 197 _____</p> <p>c. 754 475 + 391 _____</p> <p>d. 295 257</p>	

			$+ 138$ <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: 0;"/>	
		17-6-21	III. Solve: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) There are 350 toffees in one packet and 250 toffees in another packet. How many toffees are there in all? b) In a library there are 560 English books, 186 Science books and 295 Hindi books. How many books are there in the library? c) A shopkeeper sold 650 greeting cards in one year and 590 greeting cards in the next year. How many cards did he sell in two years? 	https://youtu.be/Ik-2_j4nx7Q
		18-6-21	IV. Round off to the nearest ten: a) 36- b) 42- c) 88- d) 134- e) 258- V. Round off to the nearest hundred: a) 154- b) 459- c) 910- d) 546- e) 870-	
		21-6-21	VI. Fill in the blanks: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) $256+(457+145)=\underline{\hspace{2cm}}+(256+145)$ b) $459+1=\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ c) Hundred more than 890 is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ d) $256+100=\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ e) $560+300=\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ f) Double of 50 is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ g) $250+150=\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 	

			<p>h) $170 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 200$ i) $999 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 999$ j) Ten more than $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ is 500</p>	
		<p>23-6-21</p>	<p>VII. Complete the series: a) 6, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 24, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 42, 48 b) 15, 30, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 90, 105 c) 110, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 150, 160, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ d) 200, 225, 250, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 350 e) 444, 448, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, 460, 464, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$</p>	
		<p>25-6-21</p>	<p>VIII. Find the sum of: a) 308 and 252 b) 341 and 133 c) 995 and 662 d) 250 and 428</p>	
		<p>28-6-21</p>	<p>IX. Solve these: a) $12 + 6 + 24 - 18 =$ b) $2 + 10 - 9 + 18 =$ c) $5 + 32 - 23 + 6 =$ d) $17 - 6 + 32 - 18 =$ e) $13 + 5 + 7 - 6 + 11 - 2 + 6 - 2 + 10 =$</p>	
		<p>30-6-21</p>	<p>X. Double each of these numbers : a) 5 doubled = b) 4 doubled = c) 9 doubled = d) 12 doubled = e) 41 doubled = f) 26 doubled =</p>	
		<p>CH-4 SUBTRACTION</p>	<p><u>Do the following in the textbook itself</u></p>	<p>https://youtu.be/1bkv9zU3ptg</p>
		<p>1-7-21</p>	<p>Get set go (pg. no. –44) Activity (pg. no. –45)</p>	
		<p>2-7-21</p>	<p>Exercise 4-a, 4-b</p>	
		<p>5-7-21</p>	<p>Exercise 4-c, 4-d</p>	
		<p>6-7-21</p>	<p><i>The following exercises are to be done in the notebook</i> Exercise 4-e question number- 1, 3, 5, 7</p>	<p>https://youtu.be/wwex3Qpucj8</p>
		<p>7-7-21</p>	<p>Exercise 4-f</p>	
		<p>9-7-21</p>	<p>Exercise 4-g</p>	

Answer key

CH-3 ADDITION

I. Find the sum.

a. 308	b) 995	c) 475	d) 654	e) 530
+195	+ 658	+ 286	+ 386	+ 187
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
503	1653	761	1040	717

II. Find the sum.

a. 465	b. 659	c. 754	d. 289
362	268	475	257
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
+178	+197	+ 391	+ 138
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
1005	1124	1620	684

III. Solve.

a. There are 350 toffees in one packet and 250 toffees in another packet. How many toffees are there in all?

Number of toffees in first packet= 350
Number of toffees in second packet+250
Total number of toffees = 600
Ans- 600 toffees

b. In a library there are 560 English books, 186 Science books and 295 Hindi books. How many books are there in the library?

Number of English books = 560
Number of science books = 186
Number of Hindi books = +295
Total number of books = 1041
Ans- 1041 books

a) A shopkeeper sold 650 greeting cards in one year and 590 greeting cards in the next year. How many cards did he sell in two years?

Number of greeting cards sold in first year=650
Number of greeting cards sold in 2nd year=+590

Total number of greeting cards sold = 1240

Ans- 1240 greetings cards sold

IV. Round off to the nearest ten:

- a) 36- 40 b) 42- 40 c) 88- 90 d) 134- 130 e) 258- 260

V. Round off to the nearest hundred:

- a) 154- 200 b) 459- 500 c) 910- 900 d) 546- 500
e) 870- 900

VI. Fill in the blanks:

- a) $256+(457+145)=$ 457 $+(256+145)$
b) $459+1=$ 460
c) Hundred more than 890 is 990
d) $256+100=$ 356
e) $560+300=$ 860
f) Double of 50 is 100
g) $250+150=$ 400
h) $170+30=$ 200
i) $999+0=$ 999
j) Ten more than 490 is 500

VII. Complete the series:

- a) 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48
b) 15, 30, 45, 60, 75, 90, 105
c) 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170
d) 200, 225, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350
e) 444, 448, 452, 456, 460, 464, 468

VIII. Find the sum of :

- a) 308 and 252 b) 341 and 133

308	341
+252	+133
-----	-----
560	474

- c) 995 and 662 d) 250 and 428

995	250
+ 662	+428
-----	-----
1657	678

IX. Solve these:

**ANSWER KEY
CH-4 SUBTRACTION**

- a) $12+6+24-18 = 24$
- b) $2+10-9+18 = 21$
- c) $5+32-23+6 = 20$
- d) $17-6+32-18 = 25$
- e) $13+5+7-6+11-2+6-2+10 = 42$

X. Double each of these numbers :

- a) 5 doubled = 10
- b) 4 doubled = 8
- c) 9 doubled = 18
- d) 12 doubled = 24
- e) 41 doubled = 82
- f) 26 doubled = 52

Get set go (pg. no.- 44) – answers are given on page number 165

Activity (pg. no. – 45) - answers are given on page number 165

Exercise 4-a, 4-b – answers are given on page number 165

Exercise 4-c, 4-d – answers are given on page number 165

The following exercises are to be done in the notebook

Exercise 4-e question number- 1, 3, 5, 7

Solve :

1. Number of people invited to the party
Number of people who could not come to the party

Number of people who came to the party

$$\begin{array}{r} = 500 \\ - \underline{230} \\ \underline{270} \end{array}$$

Ans- 270 people

3. Number of kites made= 150

Number of kites sold =- 127

Number of kites left = 023

Ans- 23 kites

5. Total number of children = 140

Number of children absent =- 14

Number of children present= 126

Ans- 126 children

7. Population of city = 439
Number of males = -220
Number of females= 219

Ans- 219 females

Exercise 4-f

a) $358+245-128= 475$

$$\begin{array}{r} 358 \\ +245 \\ \hline 603 \\ -128 \\ \hline 475 \end{array}$$

b. $252+351-267=336$

$$\begin{array}{r} 252 \\ +351 \\ \hline 603 \\ -267 \\ \hline 336 \end{array}$$

c. $483-124+210= 569$

$$\begin{array}{r} 483 \\ +210 \\ \hline 693 \\ -124 \\ \hline 569 \end{array}$$

d. $(345+102)- 245 = 202$

$$\begin{array}{r} 345 \\ +102 \\ \hline 447 \\ -245 \\ \hline 202 \end{array}$$

e. $(873-653)+342=562$

$$\begin{array}{r} 873 \\ -653 \\ \hline 220 \\ +342 \\ \hline 562 \end{array}$$

Exercise 4-g

1. Number of students = 200
Number of students admitted = +15

Total number of students = 215

Numbers of students who left = -85

Number of students at the end = 130

Ans- 130 students

2. Sunil's daily income = ₹ 280

His wife's daily income = +₹260

Total daily income = ₹540

Amount spent daily = - ₹300

Money saved = ₹240

Ans- ₹240

3. Number of neem trees = 150

Number of peepal trees = +120

Total number of trees = 270

Number of trees cut = - 45

Number of trees left = 225

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HOME ASSIGNMENTS (14th JUNE to 10th JULY)

CLASS	SUBJECT	TOPIC/CHAPTER	MODULE/ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINK
III	S.S.T	CH- 3 OUR UNIVERSE 14-6-21	I. Hard words:- a. universe b. telescope c. heavenly d. explosion e. galaxy f. milky way g. celestial h. revolution i. satellites j. astronaut	https://youtu.be/88abzPu57s
		15-6-21	II. Answer in one-word:- a. A star, planet or moon- heavenly/celestial body. b. A very large number or amount of something- millions. c. An object similar to a planet that goes around another planet- satellite/moon. d. A piece of equipment shaped like a tube that you look through to make distant objects seem closer and planet- telescope. e. Space and everything that exists in it, including the earth and all the other planets, -universe.	
		16-6-21	III. Unscramble the letter to form the new words that you have learnt:- a. VERUNISE - UNIVERSE b. TELLSAITE - SATELLITES c. NATROUSTA - ASTRONAUT d. NPALTE - PLANET e. LGAYAX - GALAXY	

		17-6-21	<p>IV. Match the following:-</p> <p>a. The universe (i) a huge endless space</p> <p>b. A planet (ii) a heavenly body revolving around the sun</p> <p>c. A star (iii) has lights of its own</p> <p>d. A satellite (iv) small companions of planets</p> <p>e. The sun (v) our source of heat and light</p>	
		18-6-21	<p>V. Fill in the blanks:-</p> <p>a. Scientists call the big explosion or bang that led to the expansion of the universe as the <u>Big Bang.</u></p> <p>b. The sun is part of the huge family of stars called the <u>Milky Way Galaxy</u></p> <p>c. The <u>sun</u> and its eight planets, <u>moon</u> and <u>satellites</u> and pieces of rock and <u>dust</u> from our solar system.</p> <p>d. The sun is the source of <u>heat</u> and <u>light.</u></p> <p>e. The earth has only one satellite called the <u>moon.</u></p>	
		21-6-21	<p>VI. Answer the following questions:-</p> <p>a. What is the solar system made up of? Ans : The Sun, with its eight planets, their moons or satellites and pieces of rock and dust form our solar system.</p> <p>b. Name the planets in the order of their distance from the sun. Ans. :Mercury , Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune</p> <p>c. How is a star different from a planet? Ans : A star is a ball of hot gases that burn all the time. It appears as a small bright light in the sky at night. Where as Planets does not have their own light. In this way a star is different from a planet.</p>	

			<p>d. Why is the sun important for planet earth?</p> <p>Ans. The Sun is important for planet Earth because Sun radiates light and heat which makes it possible for life to exist on Earth.</p>	
		23-6-21	<p>VII. Define:-</p> <p>a. star - A star is a ball of hot gases that burn all the time. It appears as a bright light in the sky at night.</p> <p>b. galaxy - An extremely large group or cluster of stars and planets is called a galaxy.</p> <p>c. orbits - The eight planets are celestial bodies which move around the Sun on fixed paths known as orbits.</p> <p>d. rotation - Each planet spins around or rotates on its own like a top. It is called rotation.</p> <p>e. revolution - Each planet moves or revolves around the Sun. It is called revolution.</p>	
		24-6-21	<p>VIII. Answer in one or two words: -</p> <p>a. Name the first person to walk on the moon. Ans: Neil Armstrong</p> <p>b. Which planet is considered to be a dwarf planet? Ans : Pluto</p> <p>c. Which planet is known as red planet? Ans : Mars</p> <p>d. Which is the smallest planet in our solar system? Ans.: Mercury</p>	

		25-6-21	<p>IX. Can you guess what I am?</p> <p>a. Eight of us travel around the sun. you live on one of us. What am i? Ans. Planets</p> <p>b. Hot, burning gases keep me glowing and bright. What am i? Ans. Stars</p> <p>c. I'm the star .in the center. I give the planets light and heat. What am i? Ans. Sun</p> <p>d. I have plants and animals living on me. I also have water for them to drink and food for them to eat. What am i? Ans. Earth</p>	
		<p>CH-4 EARTH :THE BLUE PLANET</p> <p>28-6-21</p>	<p>I. Hard words: -</p> <p>a. flattened</p> <p>b. bulge</p> <p>c. temperature</p> <p>d. continents</p> <p>e. ocean</p> <p>f. waves</p> <p>g. creatures</p> <p>h. polluted</p>	<p>https://youtu.be/pzf7Zs1USoQ</p>
		30-6-21	<p>II. Answer in one word:-</p> <p>a. a shape that curves outwards/swells on the surface of something - bulge</p> <p>b. a large area of ice that covers the land and sea - ice sheet</p> <p>c. to make air, water or land impure and dangerous for people to use in a safe way- pollute</p> <p>d. containing salt - saline</p> <p>e. a body of water that forms an ocean, a sea, lake, pond and so on - water body</p>	

		1-7-21	<p>III. Unscramble names of the continents and oceans you have learnt in this chapter:-</p> <p>a. OPEEUR - EUROPE</p> <p>b. SIAA - ASIA</p> <p>c. TRAAUSLIA - AUSTRALIA</p> <p>d. CANLATIT - ATLANTIC</p> <p>e. CPIIACF - PACIFIC</p>	
		2-7-21	<p>IV. Write T for true and F for false: -</p> <p>a. Our earth is covered with three parts land and one part water. FALSE</p> <p>b. The water bodies which cover the earth are called continents. FALSE</p> <p>c. Asia is in the country of India. FALSE</p> <p>d. There are seven continents and five oceans. TRUE</p> <p>e. We can use ocean water for drinking. FALSE</p>	
		6-7-21	<p>V. Name these : -</p> <p>a. The name of the continent you live in. ASIA</p> <p>b. The name of the second largest continent. AFRICA</p> <p>c. The names of any two neighboring continents of Asia. AFRICA AND EUROPE</p> <p>d. The name of the smallest continent. AUSTRALIA</p> <p>e. How many oceans are there on the surface of the earth? FIVE</p> <p>f. Write the name of all the oceans of the world. PACIFIC OCEAN, ATLANTIC OCEAN, INDIAN OCEAN, ANTARCTIC OCEAN, ARCTIC OCEAN</p> <p>g. Which ocean is named after a country? INDIAN OCEAN</p> <p>h. Which ocean lies between Europe and North America? ATLANTIC OCEAN</p>	
		7-7-21	<p>VI. Complete the following sentence:-</p> <p>a. Our earth is called the blue planet because it</p>	

			<p><u>has abundant water for us.</u></p> <p>b. The earth is unique because <u>it has water for us to drink and use, and soil for plants to grow food for us.</u></p> <p>c. Continents are <u>large areas of land we see on the surface of the Earth .</u></p> <p>d. Oceans are <u>large water bodies on the surface of the Earth.</u></p> <p>e. Our oceans and seas are getting polluted because of <u>oil spilled by the big ships and large amount of plastic waste dumped by humans.</u></p>	
		<p>9-7-21</p>	<p>VII. An outline map of the world is given below:-</p> <p>a. Locate and write the names of the seven continents on the world map.</p> <p>b. Locate the five oceans on the world map. Write their names.</p> <div data-bbox="767 1081 1326 1485" data-label="Image"> <p>The image is a black and white outline map of the world. It shows the continents of North America, South America, Europe, Africa, Asia, and Australia. The oceans are also outlined, including the Atlantic, Indian, and Pacific Oceans. The map is enclosed in a rectangular border.</p> </div>	