## **KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOL**

### **SUBJECT: EVS**

## **HOME ASSIGNMENT & REVISION ASSIGNMENT**

# [30<sup>th</sup> JANUARY, 2021 TO 21<sup>rd</sup> FEBRUARY, 2021]

STD	SUBJECT	TOPIC/CHAPTE R	MODULES/ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINK
II	EVS	Ch – 10 Air 1.02.21-	The assignments given below have to be done in the EVS notebook.  I. Word bank :-	https://youtu.be/WBw wtGmG5cg
		4.02.21	breeze, storm, gale, direction, instrument, electricity, chimneys, windmill, uproot.	
			II. Fill in the blanks :-	
			<ol> <li>Moving air is called wind.</li> <li>When wind blows very fast, it is called a storm.</li> <li>When air blows gently, it is called breeze.</li> <li>Very strong wind is called gale.</li> <li>An instrument that is used to tell the direction of wind is known as anemometer.</li> <li>We need to breathe clean and fresh air to stay healthy.</li> <li>Strong wind has a very high speed.</li> <li>Wind moves the blades of a wind mill.</li> <li>A windmill helps to produce electricity.</li> <li>Plants keep air fresh and clean.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Write true or false:-</li> <li>Wind blows in a direction. (True)</li> <li>Strong wind has low speed. (False)</li> <li>Air that moves gently is called breeze. (True)</li> <li>A storm is always harmless. (False)</li> <li>If we breathe impure or dirty air, we can fall sick. (True)</li> </ol>	
			IV. Answer the following questions:-	

	1. When do we feel air?	
	Ans. We feel air only when it	
	blows and by the movement of leaves.	!
	The state of the wind?	
	2. How do we know the direction of the wind?	
	Ans— We know the direction of the wind by the	
	movement of things like branches of trees,	
	movement of kites and smoke from	
	the chimneys.	
	3. What happens if we breathe in dirty air?	
	Ans – If we breathe in dirty air, we	
	can fall sick.	
	4. Why should we grow plants around us?	
	Ans –We should grow plants around us because	
	plants keep air fresh and clean.	
	5. Why should we not light crackers?	
	Ans – We should not light crackers because many	
	harmful gases are released from it which	
	causes respiratory problems and diseases.	
		J
	Activity	
	Activity:	
	V. Draw pictures of things in which we fill	
	air.	
	VI. Draw the diagram of wind mill.	
		https://youtu.be/cpZ7v
Ch - 11		k4Hxjc
Water	I. Word bank :-	
53318331	1. VVOI U DUIN :-	
5.2.21-8.2.21	Precious, puddles, earthen, streams, odourless,	
	containers, repaired, diseases, defecate, garbage.	

#### II. Fill in the blanks:-

- 1. Rain is the main source of water.
- People use <u>handpumps</u> and <u>tubewells</u> to draw out ground water.
- 3. We can store water for drinking and cooking in jugs, bottles and earthen pots.
- 4. Clean drinking water is <u>tasteless</u>, <u>colourless</u> and odourless.
- 5. We should <u>boil</u> and <u>filter</u> water before drinking to make it clean and germ free.
- 6. Dirty water can cause diseases.

#### III. Underline the odd one out :-

- 1. stream/ river/ jug /pond
- well/ <u>puddle /</u>tubewell /handpump
- 3. bucket/jug/river/bottle
- 4. drink/ sleep /wash/ bathe

#### IV. Write True / False :-

- 1. Most of the water on the earth comes from river. (False)
- 2. We need to store water for later use. (True)
- 3. More than half of the earth's surface is covered with land. (False)
- 4. We should close the taps after using them. (True)
- 5. We should throw garbage and leftovers in a source of water. (False)

#### V. Answer the following questions:-

1. How can we save water? Give two examples.

Ans - We can save water in many ways:

- a. We should close the taps after using them.
- b. We should not waste water while bathing.
- 2. Write any two ways of keeping water clean.

Ans – Two ways of keeping water

clean are:

- a. We should not throw garbage and leftovers in a source of water.
- b. We should not bathe or

	wash clo	thes in a pond.		
	3. Write	four ways in which we use water?		
	Ans – We us	e water for :		
	a. drinking	3		
	b. cooking			
	c. bathing			
	d. gardeni	ng		
	4. How o	an we store water?		
	Ans– We car	n store water in jugs,		
		earthen pots, tanks,		
	drums and buckets.			
	5. What are the sources of water?			
	Ans— The sources of water are			
	rivers, seas, lakes, streams			
	and ponds.			
	Activity:			
	6. Draw 3 picture of sources of water and label			
	it.			
	7. Draw	7. Draw and label two ways in which we can		
	save v	•		
Ch.8 Animals				
are useful	l			
	Word bank :-			
9.2.21-	Domostic fib	ro non vogotarians woollon manuro		
12.2.21		re, non – vegetarians, woollen, manure, nooves, beasts, silkworms.		
	ruei, emusii, i	soves, seases, since of the seases, since of the seases, seases, since of the sease of the seases, since of the sease of the seases, since of the sease of the sease of the seases, since of the sease of the seas		
	l. Fi	ill in the blanks :-		
	'· <u>-</u>	III III CHE DIAIRS		
	1			
		milk.		
		. Feathers are used to make <u>pillow.</u>		
	_	<del>-</del>		
	3	. <u>Silk</u> is a fine and soft cloth.		
	3	<ul><li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li><li>Horses and camels are called beasts</li></ul>		
	3	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> </ul>		
	3	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> <li>We get honey and wax from</li> </ul>		
	3	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> </ul>		
	3 4 5	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> <li>We get honey and wax from beehives.</li> </ul>		
	3 4 5	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> <li>We get honey and wax from</li> </ul>		
	3 4 5	<ul> <li>Silk is a fine and soft cloth.</li> <li>Horses and camels are called beasts of burden.</li> <li>We get honey and wax from beehives.</li> </ul>		

1. Hen

2. Bee

4. Cow

3. Sheep

a) Milk

b) Wool

c) Eggs d) Seafood https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u8LDzIRgd

<u>YE</u>

	5. Crab e) Honey
	1.c 2. e 3.b 4.a 5. d
	<ul> <li>III. Answer the following questions:-</li> <li>1. What are domestic animals?</li> <li>Ans – Animals like cows, donkeys, goats, horses which are useful to mankind are known as domestic animals.</li> <li>2. How do animals help us in growing crops?</li> <li>Ans – Animals help us in growing crops by drawing water from wells, ploughing fields and thrashing grains.</li> <li>3. Who are non – vegetarians?</li> <li>Ans – A person who eats seafood like fish, crab, prawn, flesh of animals like goat and chicken are non – vegetarians.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4. Which animal is known as the ship of the desert?</li> <li>Ans – Camel is known as the ship of the desert.</li> <li>5. Which animals were the first to be tamed by man?</li> </ul>
	Ans – Dogs were the first animals to be tamed by man.
	Activity: Draw or paste 3 pictures of domestic animals and label it.
Ch – 10 Air	
13.2.21- 20.2.21	REVISION ASSIGNMENT
	I. <u>Fill in the blanks :-</u>
	1. When air blows gently, it is called
	2. Very strong wind is called  3. An instrument that is used to tell the direction of wind is known as  4. A windmill helps to produce
	5 keep air fresh and clean.
	II. Answer the following questions:-

		<ol> <li>What is wind?</li> <li>How does windmill help?</li> <li>What is a storm?</li> <li>What happens when air has force?</li> <li>What is breeze?</li> </ol>
	Ch – 11 Water	Answer Key:  I. Fill in the blanks:-  1. Breeze  2. Gale  3. Anemometer  4. Electricity  5. plants  6. Answer the following questions:-  Ans 1. Moving air is called wind. Ans 2. A windmill helps to produce electricity and draw out water from wells. Ans 3. When wind blows very fast, it is called a storm. Ans 4. When air has force it can uproot trees and blow the roofs of kutcha houses. Ans 5. When wind blows gently it is called breeze.
		<ol> <li>Solve the following with the help of the given clues:-</li> <li>A water body. R R</li> <li>Used to store water.         T N</li> <li>Main source of water.         R N</li> <li>Water reaches our homes through these. T S</li> <li>A daily activity that needs water. B H</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>II. Answer the following questions:-</li> <li>What does people use to draw out ground water?</li> <li>Where should we store drinking water?</li> <li>What diseases can be caused by drinking dirty water?</li> <li>How many parts of the earth's surface is</li> </ol>

	covered by water?
	5. How can saving water help us?
	ANSWER KEY
	I. Solve the following with the help of the given clues :-
	given clacs.
	Ans 1. R <u>I V E</u> R
	Ans 2. T <u>A</u> N <u>K</u> Ans 3. R <u>A I</u> N
	Ans 4. T <u>A P</u> S
	Ans 5. B <u>A T</u> H
	Answer the following questions:-
	Ans 1. People use handpumps and tube wells to draw
	out ground water.
	Ans 2. We should store drinking water in closed
	containers. Ans 3. The diseases such as diarrhoea, cholera,
	dysentery, typhoid and polio can be caused by
Ch – 8 Animals are	drinking dirty water.  Ans 4. More than half of the earth's surface is
useful	covered with water.
	Ans 5. Saving water can save money and diverts less
	water from rivers, lakes and ponds.
	I. <u>Fill in the blanks :-</u>
	1 and give us eggs
	<ol> <li>, and give us eggs.</li> <li> is the hair that grows on the body of</li> </ol>
	animals.
	3. We make from the skin of dead
	animals.  4. The dung of animals like cows, horses, camels
	and buffaloes is used as
	5. Dried dung is also used as
	II. Solve the following with the help of the
	given clues :-
	1 It is a common not animal C M
	<ol> <li>It is a common pet animal. C W</li> <li>We get this from silk worm I K</li> </ol>
	3. It is called the ship of the desert. C M
	L
	4. Hair of this animal is used to make wool.

		S E P.	
		<ul><li>5. Cows, goats and buffaloes give us this.</li></ul>	
		M K.	
		···· <u></u> ···	
		Answer the following questions :-	
		Allower the following questions t	
		1. Why do we tame animals?	
		Name the animals which are used as means	
		of transport?	
		3. What are the things that we make from	
		leather?	
		ANSWER KEY	
		Fill in the blanks :-	
		Ans 1. Hens, geese, duck	
		Ans 2. Fur	
		Ans 3. <u>leather</u>	
		Ans 4. manure	
		Ans 5. fuel	
		_	
		Solve the following with the help of the given clues	
		<u>:</u>	
		<del>-</del>	
		Ans 1. C <u>O</u> W	
		Ans 2. <u>S I L K</u>	
		Ans 3. C <u>A</u> M <u>E</u> L	
		Ans 4. S <u>H</u> E <u>E</u> P	
		Ans 5. M <u>I L</u> K	
		7.1.0 51 111 <u>1 E</u> K	
		Answer the following questions :-	
		Ans 1. We tamed animals because they are useful to	
		us.	
		Ans 2. The animals which are used as means of	
		transport are camel, donkey, horse.	
		Ans 3. We make jackets, shoes, bags, belts from	
		leather.	

## **KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

## **HOME ASSINGNMENT (30-1-2021 TO 21-2-2021)**

CLASS	SUBJECT / TOPIC	MODULE / ASSINGNMENTS	REFERENCE LINK
II	ENGLISH LANGUAGE	INSTRUCTIONS	
	CH-15 WHAT IS HAPPENING?	Do the following work in your notebook.	http://youtu.b e/us9DwpOts ol
	30-1-2021	<ol> <li>Change the verbs to their –ing form:-</li> <li>play - playing</li> <li>eat- eating</li> <li>wear- wearing</li> <li>read- reading</li> <li>cook- cooking</li> <li>pick- picking</li> <li>do- doing</li> <li>go- going</li> <li>Fill in the blanks . Use the –ing form of the verbs in the bracket:-</li> <li>The ants are carrying (carry) food.</li> <li>The students are waiting (wait) for their bus.</li> <li>Sanya is studying (study) for her final tests.</li> <li>I am playing (play) the harmonica at my friend's birthday party.</li> <li>I am feeling (feel) sad.</li> <li>He is going (go) on a business trip to Kuwait.</li> <li>Change these sentences using – ing:-</li> <li>Radha listens to music.</li> <li>Ans. Radha is listening to music.</li> </ol>	

- b. Grandmother reads the newspaper.Ans. Grandmother is reading the newspaper.c. Nidhi cooks rice for dinner.
- c. Nidhi cooks rice for dinner.

  Ans. Nidhi is cooking rice for dinner.
- They go to the music concert.
   Ans. They are going to the music concert.

#### 1-2-2021

- e. We drink a lot of water this summer.

  Ans. We are drinking a lot of water this summer.
- f. Binita plays with her puppy.Ans. Binita is playing with her puppy.
- g. The teacher checks test papers.Ans. The teacher is checking the test papers.
- h. Fiza and Rishi walk together.

Ans. Fiza and Rishi are walking together.

- IV. Choose the correct word:-
- a. The bridge goes <u>over</u> the river. [under/over]
- b. We kept the clothes <u>inside</u> the cupboard. [inside/outside]
- c. I left my book on the table. [on/in]
- d. The kitten is <u>in</u> the basket. [in/over]
- e. My slippers are <u>under</u> the bed. [over/under]
- f. The computer is on the desk. [in/on]
- g. The travelers sat <u>under</u> a tree. [over/under]
- h. She held the umbrella <u>over</u> her head. [on/over]

CH-17 ON , IN , UNDER AND OVER 2-2-2021	V. Choose the correct word:  a. Radha sits me in the class. i. under ii. beside iii. On b. The letters are inside the envelope. i. on ii. over iii. inside c. The ball rolled under the car. i. inside ii. on iii. under d. Ashima is sitting behind Lily and Sarah. i. behind ii. below iii. over e. I looked outside the window. i. outside ii. over iii. between f. The plane is flying just over the clouds. i. over ii. beside iii. on g. The child hid behind the curtain. i. below ii. on iii. behind h. There were many toys inside the box. i. inside ii. over iii. between
3-2-2021	<ul> <li>VI. Correct these sentences:- <ul> <li>a. The telephone is inside the table.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ans. The telephone is on the table.</li> <li>b. Wear the cap in your head.</li> <li>Ans. Wear the cap on your head.</li> <li>c. Mother put her money above the purse.</li> <li>Ans. Mother put her money in the purse.</li> <li>d. I hid below the door.</li> </ul> <li>Ans. I hid behind the door.</li>

e. Place the dishes under the table. Ans. Place the dishes over the table. f. I like to study over my room. Ans. I like to study in my room. g. The boy jumped on the fence. Ans. The boy jumped over the fence. h. The lion went between the den. Ans. The lion went in the den. Fill in the blanks with and or but:-VII. a. Mona is sick but she has come to school. b. The vegetable sandwiches are tasty and healthy. c. My father is tall and strong. d. I can speak English and Hindi, but I 4-2-2021 can't speak Tamil. e. Puneet <u>and Kush play chess everyday</u>. f. We went to the zoo and saw many animals there. g. The dress was lovely but costly. h. I went to the park with my friends but didn't play. i. Piya and Riya went to the museum on Sunday. j. I like pizza <u>but</u> my brother does not like VIII. Choose the correct word:a. My sister [and / but] my brother have gone to the market. b. His arm was hurt [and/but] he played the match. c. The vase fell down [and/but] it did not

break.

d. The farmers grew rice [and/but] pulses.

e. I like red [and/ <u>but</u> ] I do not like	like bink.
------------------------------------------------	------------

- f. She won a trophy [and/but] a certificate.
- g. Rima wanted to buy a glass vase [and/but] she could not find one.
- h. Deepak likes biscuits [and/but] cakes.
- The king was brave [and/<u>but</u>] his ministers were cowards.
- j. It rained heavily [and/<u>but</u>] it was still very hot.

# IX. Join these sentences using and or but:-

a. Vineet is tall. Vineet is strong.

Ans. Vineet is tall and strong.

b. He woke up early . He got late for school.

Ans. He woke up early but he got late for school.

c. I like ice creams. I like pastries.

Ans. I like ice creams and pastries.

d. I finished a bowl of porridge. I was still hungry.

Ans. I finished a bowl of porridge but I was still hungry.

e. Anshul has a rabbit. He has a dog.

Ans. Anshul has a rabbit and a dog.

f. I drink coffee. I don't like tea.

Ans. I drink coffee but I don't like tea.

g. It was a difficult sum . I could solve it.

Ans. It was a difficult sum but I could solve it.

h. I play the piano. I don't play the drums.

Ans. I play the piano but I don't play the drums.

## CH-18 AND , BUT AND OR

5-2-2021

X. Fill in the blanks with and , but or or:-

Raghav, Shreya, Lalit <u>and</u> Sanaya went to the zoo. They saw a leopard, two white tigers, a bear <u>and</u> an orangutan. They also saw different types of birds, <u>but</u> did not see any deer. They felt happy <u>and</u> excited, <u>but</u> they were tired. They had not eaten <u>and</u> taken rest. So, they decided to sit down under a tree <u>and</u> eat some fruits. They went home a little later.

6-2-2021

- XI. Correct these sentences:-
- a. Aditya writes quickly or neatly.

Ans. Aditya writes quickly and neatly.

b. The weather is cold or windy.

Ans. The weather is cold and windy.

c. We have an old car, and it works fine.

Ans. We have an old car but it works fine.

d. Do we go left and right from here?

Ans. Do we go left or right from here?

e. Our teachers are strict and loving.

Ans. Our teachers are loving but strict.

f. Do you want your lunch now but later?

Ans. Do you want your lunch now or later.

g. Shut the doors but draw the curtains.

Ans. Shut the doors and draw the curtains.

h. Rahul ate his dinner or went to sleep.

Ans. Rahul ate his dinner and went to sleep.

8-2-2021

XII. Make questions for these answers:-

a. Yes, this is her teddy bear.

Ans. Is this her teddy bear?

b. Yes, those flowers are roses.

Ans. Are those flowers are roses?

c. No, these mangoes are not rotten.

Ans. Are these mangoes rotten?

d. Yes, this is watch I bought yesterday.

Ans. Is this the watch I bought yesterday?

XIII. Choose the correct answer.

- a. <u>Are these</u> shoes very costly ? [Is this / Are these]
- b. Someone has left his socks on the bed.<u>Is that</u> yours ? [Are those / Is that]
- c. Are those the houses that were built illegally? [Is that/Are those]
- d. <u>Is that</u> your new bag? [Are these/Is that]
- e. <u>Is this</u> your wallet? [Is this/Are those]
- f. <u>Is that</u> Apoorv's house over there? [Is that/Is this]
- g. <u>Are these</u> books on the table yours? [Is this/Are these]
- h. Are those the bowls that you bought?
  [Is that/Are those]
- i. <u>Is that</u> the jacket you bought yesterday? [Is that/Are those]
- j. Are those birds there cuckoos? [Are these/Are those]

XIV. Make questions for the these answers.

a. My brother stays in a hostel.

Ans. Where does your brother stay?

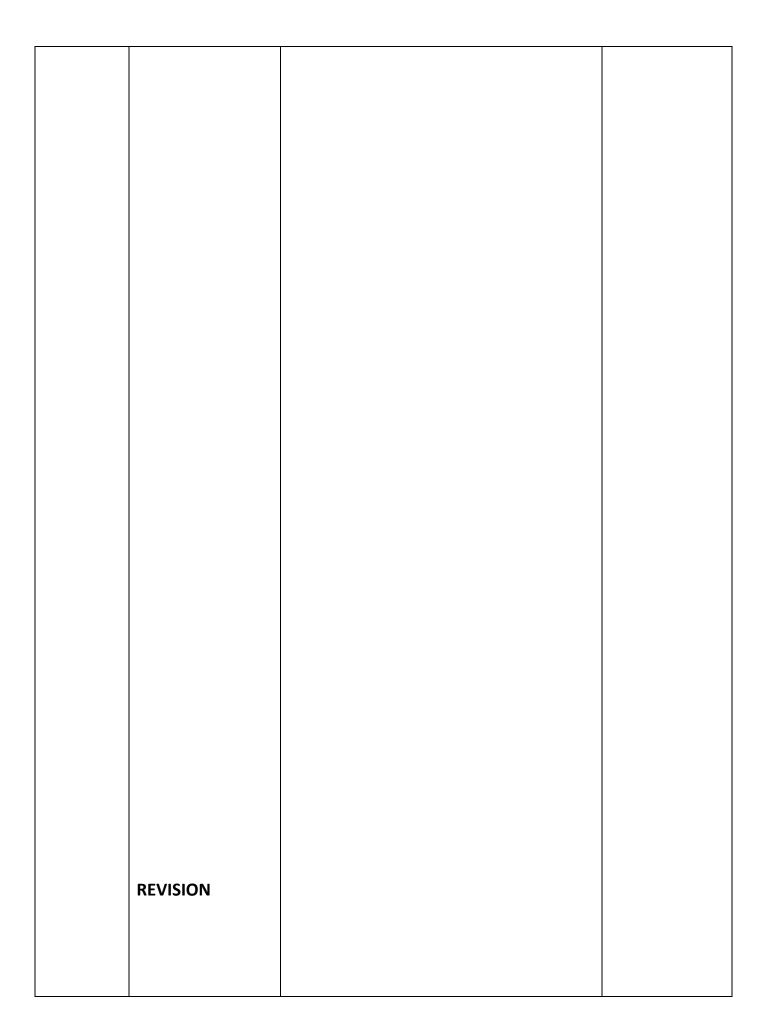
	b. Mr. Kumar is my piano teacher.
9-2-2021	Ans. Who is your piano teacher?
	c. There is a pair of shoes inside the box.
	Ans. What is their inside the box?
	d. My favourite colour is blue.
	Ans. What is your favourite colour?
	e. I wake up at 6 o' clock in the morning. Ans. When do you wake up?
	f. Gandhi jayanti is on 2nd October. Ans. When is Gandhi Jayanti?
	g. I am going to the amusement park this Sunday. Ans. Where are you going this Sunday?
	h. That girl is my niece. Ans. Who is that girl?
	<ul><li>i. My sister's name is mishti.</li><li>Ans. What is your sister's name?</li></ul>
10-2-2021	j. Rajan's favourite poet is Jane Taylor.
10-2-2021	Ans. Who is Rajan's favourite poet?
	<ul><li>XV. Read these questions and correct the errors. Use the correct question words.</li><li>a. Which does your father do?</li></ul>
	Ans. What does your father do?
	b. What taught you to play the trumpet?
	Ans. Who taught you to play the trumpet?
	c. What do you go to sleep?
	Ans. When do you go to sleep?
	d. Who are you going next Sunday?
	Ans.Where are you going next Sunday?
	e. When is Darjeeling?

Ans. Where is Darjeeling? f. Who will the concert begin? Ans. When will the concert begin? g. Which is the president of India? Ans. Who is the president of India? h. When is inside that drawer? Ans. What is inside the drawer? i. When pen is yours the red one or the blue one? Ans. Which pen is yours the red one or the blue one? j. When book are you reading now? 11-2-2021 Ans. Which book are you reading now? ١. Fill in the blanks using words from the box. Add -ing to these words:-[sell, paint, ask, visit, pick, sleep, stay, buy, spend , attend ] a. I am picking flowers from the garden. b. The baby is sleeping in the cot. c. The shopkeeper is selling dried fruits. d. She is spending a lot of money on jewellery. e. The teacher is asking us questions. f. They are painting the walls. g. We are visiting the museum today. h. My father is buying fruits from the market. 12-2-2021 i. I am attending this meeting. j. My sister is staying at a hostel. Fill in the blanks using Is this, Are II. these or Are those.

- a. <u>Is this</u> your pencil?
- b. Is this Kavita's dog?
- c. Is this your money?
- d. Are those Yami's flowers?
- e. Are these your books?
- f. Is this your bag?
- III. Choose the correct word:-
- a. The cat is sitting <u>in</u> (in/on/inside) the chair.
- b. Jiya is sitting <u>beside</u> (under/over/beside)Nina.
- c. The man wore a jacket <u>over</u> (in/over/inside) his shirt.
- d. The boy hid <u>behind</u>
   (behind/under/inside) the tree.
- There were pencils , pens and an eraser inside(inside/over/behind) her pencil box.
- f. The ball rolled <u>over</u> (over/under/inside) the bed.
- IV. Join these sentences using and, but and or:-
- Samuel wants to buy a toy car. He doesn't have enough money.
   Ans.Samuel wants to buy a toy car but he doesn't have enough money.
- b. Do you want candyfloss? Do you want an ice cream?Ans. Do you want candyfloss or an ice cream.
- c. I made some soup. I served it in a bowl. Ans. I made some soup and I served it in a bowl.
- d. We can go to the amusement park. We can go to the zoo.Ans. We can go to the amusement park or we can go to the zoo.
- e. They wanted to play outside. It was raining.

13-2-2021

Ans. They wanted to play outside but it was raining. f. I like strawberries. I like mangoes. Ans. I like strawberries and mangoes. Make questions for these answers:-٧. a. My favourite fruit is mango. Ans. Which is your favorite fruit? b. My father works with a magazine. Ans. Where does your father works? c. The flight will arrive in New Delhi at 10:00 am. Ans. When the flight will arrive in New Delhi? d. I live in Malviya Nagar. Ans. Where do you live? e. That girl is my cousin. Ans. Who is that girl? f. Melbourne is in Australia. Ans. Where is Melbourne? 15-2-2021



1	18-2-2021	
1	19-2-2021	
2	20-2-2021	

## KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS HOME ASSIGNMENTS SESSION 2020-21

STD – II

#### **HINDI LANGUAGE**

DATE 1.02.21 to 15.02.21

SUBJECT	DATES	ASSIGNMENT
Hindi language		सभी कार्य अपनी भाषा एवं व्याकरण (H.Lang) उत्तर पुस्तिका
		में करें।
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
		<u>लिंग</u>
	1.02.21	1.1.1
		पुरूष या स्त्री जाति बताने वाले शब्द 'लिंग' कहलाते हैं ।
		लिंग के दो भेद होते हैं:-
		1. <u>पुल्लिंग</u>
		2. स्त्रीलिंग
		<u>1.पुल्लिंग</u> :- पुरूष जाति बताने वाले शब्द 'पुल्लिंग' कहलाते हैं ।
		उदाहरण :- लड़का ,शेर ,पिता आदि ।
		<b>2.स्त्रीलिंग:</b> -स्त्री जाति बताने वाले शब्द 'स्त्रीलिंग'
		कहलाते हैं ।
		उदाहरण:- लड़की, शेरनी, माता आदि।
		उदाहरणः- लड़का , रारणा , नाता जादि ।
		अभ्यास कार्य
		<u>अभ्यास गम्य</u> 1.नीचे लिखें पुल्लिंग शब्दों के स्त्रीलिंग शब्द लिखें:-
		1.गाय लिख पुल्लिंग राज्या क स्त्रालिंग राज्य लिख:-
		<u>पुल्लिंग</u> स्त्री <u>लिंग</u>
		मोर मोरनी
		धोबी धोबिन
		माली मालिन
		बाघ <u>बाघिन</u>
		4114 <u></u>
		<u>॥</u> नीचे लिखें स्त्रीलिंग शब्दों के पुल्लिंग रूप लिखें:-
		<u>स्त्रीलिंग</u> पुल्लिंग
		गाय बैल
		लड़की लड़का
		नौकरानी नौकर
		सेठानी सेठ
		औरत आदमी
		III . <u>पुल्लिंग एवं</u> स्त्रीलिंग शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए :-
		बाघिन , नौकर , मोर , मालिन ,
		गाय , बैल , लड़की , धोबी
		-8-
		<u>पुल्लिंग</u> स्त्रीलिंग

	नौकर बाघिन
	मोर मालिन
	बैल गाय
	धोबी लड़की
2.02.21	
	।∨. दिए गए शब्दों की सहायता से वाक्य पूरें कीजिए:-
	1 खेल रही है। ( बालक /बालिका )
	2घास खा रहा है। (हिरन /हिरनी)
	3 उदास बैठी है। ( राजा /रानी )
	4 काम कर रहा है । ( आदमी /औरत )
	5चित्र बना रहा है । ( लड़का /लड़की )
	6.धोबी कपड़े है । ( धो रहा /धो रही )
	7. नौकरानी सफ़ाईहै । ( कर रहा /कर रही )
	उत्तर
	1.बालिका
	2.हिरन
	3.रानी
	4.आदमी
	5.ल्डका
	6.धो रहा
	7.कर रही
	विलोम शब्द
	परिभाषा:- एक दूसरे का उल्टा अर्थ बताने वाले शब्द 'विलोम '
	शब्द कहलाते हैं ।
	शब्द विलोम
	कम × ज्यादा
	नया × पुराना
	गीला × सूखा
	प्रश्न × उत्तर
	_
	एक × अनेक
	पास × दूर
	हल्का × भारी
	हँसना × रोना
	अभ्यास कार्य
	।. <u>सही विलोम शब्द पहचानकर उन पर गोला ० लगाइए :-</u>
	1.गीला - बड़ा ,छोटा ,सूखा
	2.पास - दूर ,अनेक , रोना
	3नुया - गरम् , पुराना , ब्हुत
	4. हँसना – भारी , उत्तर , रोना

3.02.21	उत्तर 1.सूखा 2.दूर 3.पुराना 4. रोना	के सही विलोम शब्द	<u>लिखकर</u>
	रिक्त स्थानों व 1.रमेश का बस्ता 2.मेरे पास <u>एक</u> ।	<u>को भरें :-</u> <u><b>हल्का</b> है मेराI</u>	के पासपेंसिलें हैं
	4. <u>हँसना</u> सेहत के <b>5.</b> सुनीता का घर	ं लिए अच्छा है ।	
	<ol> <li>भारी</li> <li>अनेक</li> <li>गीले</li> <li>रोना</li> <li>दूर</li> </ol>		
	<u>अंग्रेजी अंकों में</u> 26 27	<u>गिनती</u> <u>२६ - ५०</u> हिंदी अंको में २६ २७	हिंदी शब्दों में छब्बीस सत्ताईस
	28 29 30 31	२८ २९ ३० ३१	अट्ठाईस उनतीस तीस इकतीस
4.02.21	32 33 34 35	३ २ ३ ४ ३ ५	बत्तीस तैंतीस चौंतीस पैंतीस
	36 37 38 39	३ ६ ३ ८ ३ ८	छत्तीस सैंतीस अड़तीस उनतालीस
	40 41 42 43	४० ४१ ४२ ४३	चालीस इकतालीस बयालीस तैंतालीस
	44 45 46	४४ ४५ ४६	चवालीस पैंतालीस छियालीस

	47 48 49 50	४७ ४८ ४९ ५०	सैंतालीस अड़तालीस उनचास पचास
5.02.21			
<u>6.02.21</u>	<u>।.नीचे लिखें अंको को</u> ३९ – उनतालीस ४१- इकतालीस २६ – छब्बीस	५० - पचास ३५ - पैंतीस	
	· ·	<u>को को हिंदी अंकों</u> 47 -४७ 40 -४० 50 -५०	में लिखें :-

<u>8.02.21</u>	III. नीचे लिखें शब्दों को हिंदी अंको में लिखें :-         छियालीस – ४६       अट्ठाईस - २८         उनतीस - २९       छत्तीस - ३६         बत्तीस - ३२       उनचास - ४९
	।∨.नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों के सामने सही ( √ ) या गलत (×) निशान लगाइए :-
	1.चालीस के पहले उनचास होता है। ( × ) 2.उनतीस के बाद तीस होता है। ( <b>√</b> )
	3.उनचास के बाद पचास होता है। ( √ )
	4.पैंतीस छत्तीस के बाद आता है। ( × ) 5.अड़तीस सैंतीस के बाद आता है। ( √ )
	वचन
	एक या अनेक बताने वाले शब्द वचन कहलाते है । वचन के दो भेद हैं :-
	1.एकवचन
0.02.21	2.बहुवचन
9.02.21	1.एकवचन – एक व्यक्ति या एक वस्तु का बोध कराने वाले शब्द 'एकवचन' कहलाते हैं ।
	2.बहुवचन – एक से अधिक व्यक्ति या वस्तु का बोध कराने वाले शब्द 'बहुवचन' कहलाते हैं।र्ज
	<u>एकवचन</u> माला मालाएँ
	कथा कथाएँ
	माता माताएँ
	चादर चादरें आँख आँखें
	बात बातें
	मेज़ मेंज़ें
	किताब किताबें रात रातें
	अभ्यास कार्य
	।. <u>नीचे लिखें शब्दों को सही वर्ग में लिखिए :-</u>
	मालाएँ , माता , चादर ्, आँखें ,
	कथा , मेज़ें , किताब , रातें <u>एकवचन</u> <u>बहुवचन</u>
	<u>माता</u> <u>भालाएँ</u>
	चादर आँखें कथा मेंज़ें
	नरना गुः।

	किताब	रातें
	<u>॥.दिए गए शब्दों के ब</u>	<u>हुवचन रूप लिखें :-</u>
10.02.21	<u>एकवचन</u>	<u>बहुवचन</u>
	माला	मालाएँ
	कथा 	कथाएँ ँ
	माता चादर	माताएँ चादरें
	रात	रातें
	।।।.दिए गए शब्दों के ए	<u>एकवचन रूप लिखें :-</u>
	<u>बहुवचन</u>	<u>एकवचन</u>
	आ <u>ँखें</u> ेः	आँख
	बातें मेंज़ें	बात <del>ें -</del>
11.02.21	मज़ किताबें	मेंज़ किताब
	ाकताब	ાયનાવ
		<u>चित्र वर्णन</u>
	3. चित्र देखकर कहानी वि	नखिए।
	No.	Mar All
	A CO	45
<u>12.02.21</u>	Sept 1	S. Comments of the Comments of
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<u>13.02.22</u>		
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	शीर्षक -एकता में बल	
	एक दिन एक शिकारी	जंगल से गुजर रहा था ।
	उसने देखा एक पेड़ पर	र बहुत सारे कबूतर बैठे हैं ।

				उसने जमीन पर कुछ दाने फेक क एक कबूतर ने जमीन पर पड़े दाने आ गया । देखते ही देखते सारे व चुगने के बाद जब उन्होंने उड़ने का चला कि वे जाल में फँस चुके हैं, अ लिए चिल्लाने लगे । इतने में एक । उसने कहा हम सब एक साथ उ सभी तैयार हो गए । जैसे ही धि सभी कबूतर मिलकर जाल लेकर उ रह गया । दूर जाकर वे कबूतर दोस्त थे । जिन्होंने अपने तेज दाँत दिया और सारे कबूतर आजाद होक में उड़ गए । और ये सब उनकी हुआ । इसलिए कहते हैं एकता में उ	देखे और उसे खाने नीचे कबूतर नीचे आ गए। दाने प्रयास किया तब उन्हें पता और मदद के कबूतर को एक उपाय सूझा जाल को लेकर उड़ जाएंगे। शेकारी जाल के पास पहूँचा इ गए। शिकारी हाथ मलते नीचे उतरे कुछ चूहे उनके तों से कबूतरों के जाल कूतर एक बार फिर से आसमान एकता की वजह से संभव
CLASS	SUBJECT	/ TOPIC	M	ODULE / ASSIGNMENTS	REFERENCE LINK

II	ENGLISH LITERATURE	INSTRUCTIONS	https://youtu.be /QypzmBFferM
	CH -3 SAINT FRANCIS AND THE WOLF	Write the following assignment in your English literature notebook.	
	30-1-2021		https://youtu.be /8SX34423YMI
	30 1 2021		
		I. Word bank:-	
		a. merchant h. attacked b. Saint Francis i. escaped c. troubling j. terrible d. Italy k. frightened e. people l. patted f. Gubbio m. villagers g. savage n. calm	
	1-2-2021	II. Give one word answer:- a. scared – frightened b. tried to kill – attacked c. ran away – escaped d. bad and harmful – wicked e. causing troubles – troubling	
	2-2-2021	III. Opposites:- a. beautiful X ugly b. rich X poor c. town X village d. kill X save e. attacked X defended f. cruel X kind g. afraid X fearless h. happy X sad i. calm X angry j. love X hate	

3-2-2021	<ul> <li>IV. Fill in the blanks:-</li> <li>a. Saint Francis looked after the sick and helped the poor people.</li> <li>b. The wolf killed the hens, ducks and the sheep of the villagers.</li> <li>c. The wolf killed the animals because it was hungry.</li> <li>d. Saint Francis spoke to the wolf lovingly.</li> <li>e. In the end the villagers were not frightened of the wolf and they gave it food everyday.</li> </ul>
4-2-2021	<ul> <li>V. Answer the following questions:-</li> <li>a. Who was Saint Francis?     Ans. Saint Francis was the son of a rich merchant.</li> <li>b. Where did Saint Francis live?     Ans. Saint Francis lived in Assisi,a small town in Italy.</li> <li>c. What were the good deeds of Saint Francis?     Ans. Saint Francis looked after the sick and helped the poor people.</li> <li>d. Why were the villagers frightened of wolf?     Ans. The villagers were frightened of the wolf because it killed the hens, ducks and the sheep of the villagers.</li> <li>e. Who changed the savage wolf into a kindanimal?     Ans. Saint Francis changed the savage wolf into a kind animal.</li> <li>f. How did Saint Francis change the wolf?     Ans. Saint Francis changed the wolf by his kind and loving words.</li> </ul>
	VI. Reference to the context:- a. "Good people , don't be afraid . I will do

	something to help you.  i. Who said these words to whom?  Ans. Saint Francis said these words to the villagers.	
	ii. Why were the people afraid ?	
	Ans. The people were afraid of the wolf because it killed the hens, ducks and the sheep of the villagers.	
	iii. Who helped the villagers ?	
	Ans. Saint Francis helped the villagers.	
	<ul> <li>b. 'If I ask the villagers to give you food everyday, will you stop attacking them and killing their animals.</li> <li>i. Who said these words and to whom?</li> <li>Ans. Saint Francis said these words to the wolf.</li> </ul>	
	ii. Who is referred to them in these lines ?	
	Ans. 'Them' is referred to the villagers.	
5-2-2021	iii. How did Saint Francis talk to the wolf?	
	Ans. Saint Francis talked to the wolf lovingly.	
	<ul> <li>VII. Make sentences:-</li> <li>a. village – My grandparents live in the village.</li> <li>b. poor – We should help the poor people.</li> <li>c. cruel – We should not be cruel towards animals.</li> <li>d. forest – The villagers collect wood from the forest.</li> <li>e. frightened – I am frightened of dogs.</li> </ul>	
	Write the poem in the notebook and learn.	
	I. Word bank:- a. bright b. beautiful c. creatures d. wonderful e. lord	
	e. iora f. glowing	

	g. colours h. tiny i. wings j. almighty
6-2-2021	<ul> <li>II. Give one word answer:-</li> <li>a. all living things – creatures</li> <li>b. bright and warm colours – glowing colours</li> <li>c. very powerful – Almighty</li> </ul>
POEM – ALL THINGS BRIGHT	a. wise x foolish b. give x take c. tiny x huge d. bright x dull e. nowhere x everywhere f. beautiful x ugly
AND BEAUTIFUL 8-2-2021	<ul><li>IV. Reference to the context:-</li><li>a. He made their glowing colours,</li><li>He made their tiny wings.</li><li>i. Who is referred as 'he'?</li></ul>
	ans. 'He' is referred to God.  ii. Whose glowing colours are made by God?  ans. The glowing colours of the
	flowers are made by God.  iii.Whose wings are tiny?
	ans. The wings of the birds are tiny.  V. Write true or false:-
	<ul> <li>a. God made big and tiny creatures – True</li> <li>b. The opposite of beautiful is pretty – False</li> <li>c. God made colourful and beautiful flowers and birds – True</li> <li>d. God is not very powerful – False</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>VI. Answer the following questions:-</li> <li>a. Who made everything in the world?</li> <li>Ans. The Lord God made everything in the world.</li> <li>b. Why did God give us eyes and lips?</li> <li>Ans. God gave us eyes to see the</li> </ul>
10-2-2021	beautiful things and lips to speak.  c. Does God do all things well?  Ans. Yes , God does all things well.
	Revision I
	Do the revision work in your English literature notebook
	I. Give one word answer:-  a. tried to kill –  b. ran away –
	II. Give opposites :-  a. wise x  b. tiny x  c. nowhere x  d. beautiful x
	III. Answer the following questions:-  a. Who was Saint Francis?  b. Who made everything in the world?
12-2-2021	a. Saint Francis looked after theand helped thepeople. b. The wolf killed the animals because it was c. Saint Francis spoke to the wolf

	V. Reference to the context:- 'Don't run away . Don't be afraid . Now , brother wolf will not trouble again.  a. Who said these words and to whom?  b. Why were the people afraid? c. Who changed the savage wolf to a kind animal?
15-2-2021	VI. Make sentences:- a. village- b. forest-
	REVISION – II
	I. Give one word answer:- a.bad and harmful b. very powerful
	II. Give opposites:- a.town x
	b.calm x c.loved x d.attacked x
	III. Answer the following questions:- a.How did Saint Francis change the wolf? b.Why did God give us eyes and lips?
	IV. Write true or false:- a. God made big and tiny creatures. b. The opposite of beautiful is pretty. c. God is not very powerful.
16-2-2021	V. Make sentences:- a. poor b. rose

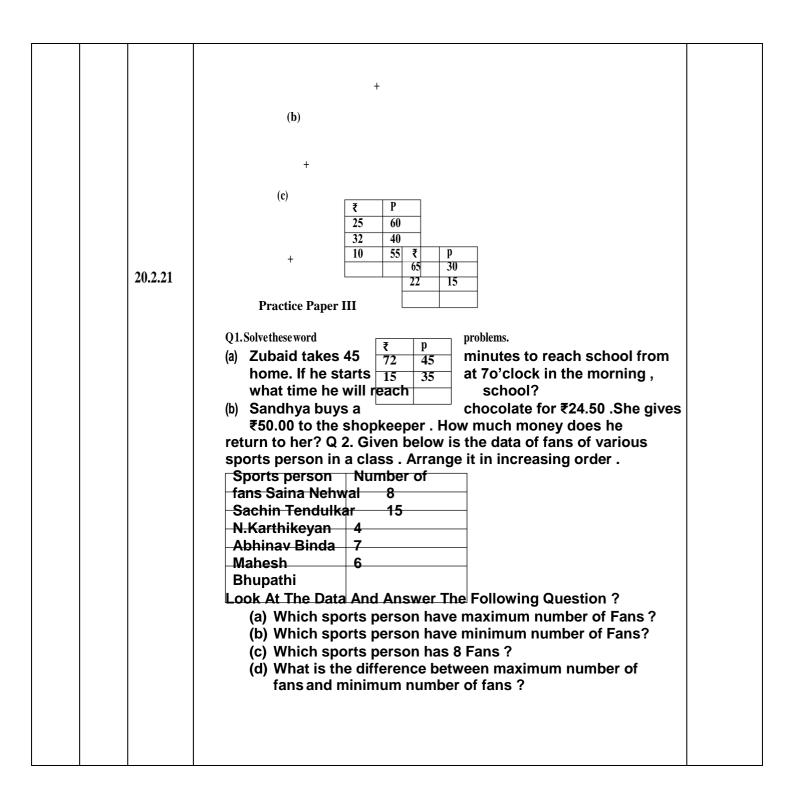
	<u>Answers</u>
	Revision I
	I. (a) attacked
	(b) escaped
	II. (a) foolish
	(b) huge
17-2-2021	(c) every where
	(d) ugly
	III. (a) Saint Francis was the son of a rich merchant.
	(b) The lord God made everything in the world.
	IV. (a) sick, poor
	(b) hungry
	(c) lovingly
	V. (a) Saint Francis said these words to the villagers.
	(b) The people were afraid because the wolf was killing their animals and attacking them.
	(c) Saint Francis changed the savage wolf into a kind animal.
	VI. (a) My aunt lives in the village.
	(b) We can see wild animals in the forest.
18-2-2021	Revision II
	I. (a) wicked

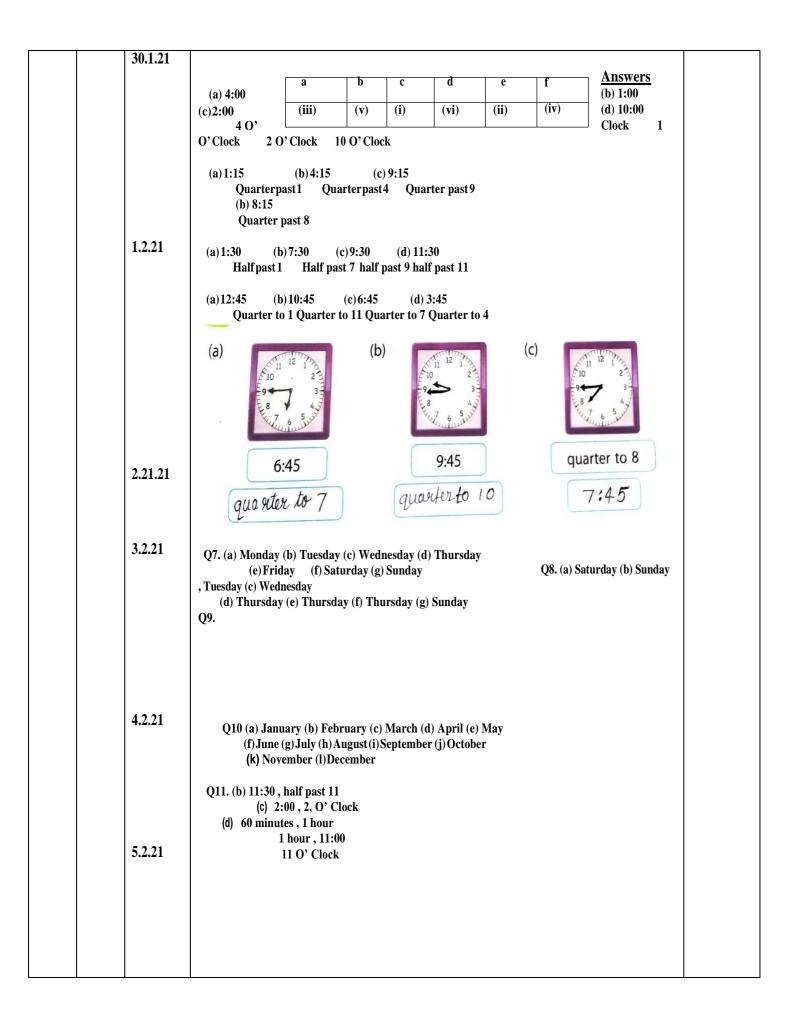
	(b) Almighty	
	II. (a) village	
	(b) angry	
	(c) hated	
	(d) defended	
	III. (a) Saint Francis changed the wolf by his kind and loving words.	
	(b) God have us eyes to see and lips to speak.	
	IV. (a) True	
	(b) False	
	(c) False	
	V. (a) poor- We should help the poor people.	
20-2-2021	(b) flower- Rose is a beautiful flower.	

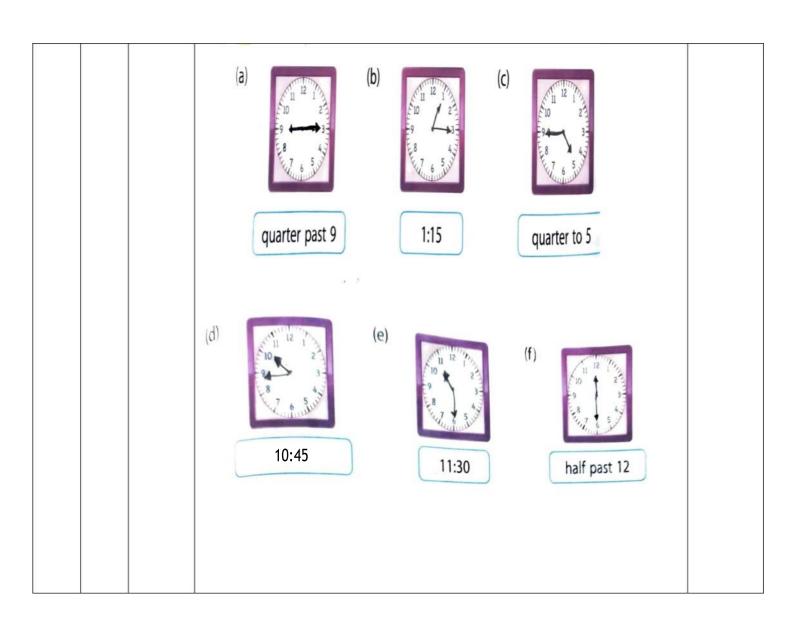
Class	Sub	TOPIC/CHA PTER	MODULE / ASSIGNMENT	REFERENCE LINK
II	Maths	Time and Money		
		30.1.21		
			Write the time shown by the clocks.	
			(a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (d) (e) $\frac{1}{11} \frac{12}{12} \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{12}$	
			or or or or	
			Write the time shown by the clocks.	
			(a) (b) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (e) (d) (e) (d) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e	
			or or or or	

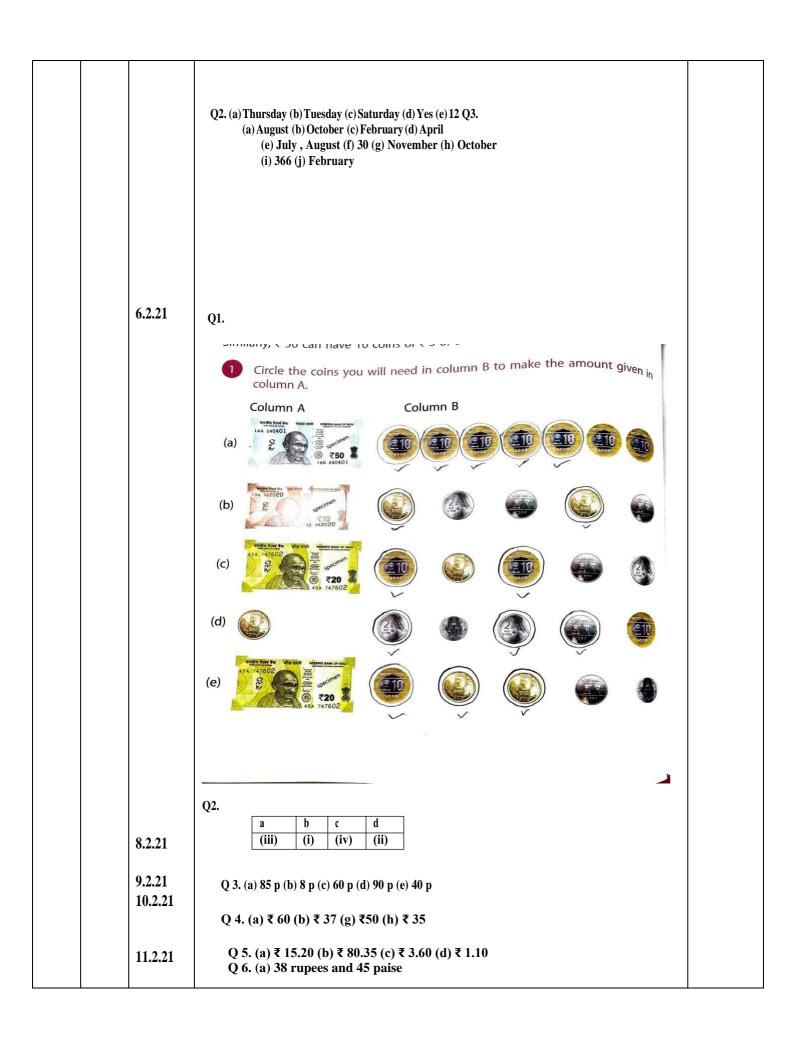
1.02.21	hour minutes	
	Write the time shown by the clocks.	
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (d) (e) (e) (e) (figure 12.7) (figure	
	Draw hands on the clocks to	
	(a) (b)	
	Pg 128 Q No -7 Pg 129 Q No -8	
2.2.21	Pg 129 Q No -9 Pg 129 Q No -10	
	Pg 130 Q No 11-(a),(b)	
3.2.21	Pg 131 Q No 11-(c),(d)	
4.2.21	How much does you know? Pg 131 Q No 1-(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)	
5.2.21	Pg 131 Q No – 2 and 3	
	<u>Ch – Money</u>	
6.2.21		
	Pg134 Q No - 1 and 2 Pg136 Q No 3 -(a),(b), (c), (d), (e)	
8.2.21	Pg 136 Q No 4- (a), (b), (c), (g), (h)	
9.2.21	Pg 137 Q No – 5 and 6	
10.2.21	Pg 139 Q No - 7 (a), (d), (e), (f)	
	Pg 140 Q No - 8 (a), (c), (e), (f)	

44004	Pg 141 Q No - 9 (a), (b)
11.2.21	
	Pg 142 Q No 1- (a), (b), (c) Q No 2- (a), (b), (c), (d)
12.2.21	Pg143 Q No 3- (a),(b) Q No 4- (b), (c), (e)
Data Handling 13.2.21	Pg146 Q No 1
10232	Pg 147 Q No 2
15.2.21	Pg147 Q No 3
16.2.21	Practice Paper I
	1. Draw hands on the clock to show the time. (a) 9:15 b) 1:15(c) 4:45 (d) 10:45(e) 11:30 (f) 12:30
	2. Complete the names the day of the week.
	a. MDY b. T_EA_Y c. WE_N_SD_Y d. T_U_S_A_ eR_D Y
	3. Fill in the blanks.  a. Monday comes in between and  b. Thursday comes after  c. If tomorrow is Saturday what day was it yesterday  d. Iftoday is Tuesday, What will be the day after tomorrow
	4. Fill in the blanks.  (a) July comes before  (b) A leap year has days.  (c) June has days.  (d) November comes after
18.2.21	Practice Paper II
	1. Write the following rupees and paise. a.  ₹ 38.45  b. ₹ 53.10  c. ₹ 185.00  d. ₹ 212.05  e. ₹ 99.75
	2. Add the rupees and paise. (a)









	(b) 53 rupees and 10 paise
	(c) 185 rupees
	(d) 212 rupees and 5 paise
	Q 7. (a) $\not\in$ 81.45 (d) $\not\in$ 68.55 (e) $\not\in$ 299.45 (f) $\not\in$ 111.40 Q8. (a) $\not\in$ 3 .15 (c) $\not\in$ 72.15 (e) $\not\in$ 387.25 (f) $\not\in$ 10.34
	Q 9. (a) ₹ p 246 00
	30 60
	12 50
	+ 289 10
12,2,21	(b)
12.2.21	T D
	₹ P 100 00
	+ 60 60
	39 40
13.2.21	
13.4.41	Q 9. (c) (i) ₹ 33.00
	(ii) ₹ 75.25
	(iii) ₹ 60.75
	Pg 142 Q 1. (a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 5
	Q 2. (a) ₹ 35.00
	(b) ₹ 2.05
	(c)₹15.20 (d)₹99.15
	(u) (37.13
	Q no 1
	(a) 13 (b) 6 (c) if (d) 39 (e) 6 (f) 25 (g) Vani (h) Aarav
	Q no 2
	Red rose 25
	Gerbera 21
	White rose 14
	Carnation 8
	Lily 5
	Anthurium 3
	(a) Red rose
	(b) Anthurium
	(c) 39 (d) 76
	(e) Lily

15.2.21	Pg.147 Q no 3  Friday Thursday Tuesday Monday Wednesday Saturday / Sunday  (a) Saturday / Sunday (b) Friday (c) Wednesday (d) 50 (e) 18	4 5 6 8 9 18			
16.2.21					
	Practice Paper.  (a)  quarter past 9	(b)	1:15	quarter to 5	
	(d) 2 1 12 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	(e)	11:30	(f)    11   12   13   14   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	

1	T	10 ()270277177	T
		2. (a) MONDAY	
		(b) TUESDSY (c) WEDNESDAY	
		(d) Thursday	
		(e) FRIDAY	
		3. (a) Sunday	
	10 2 21	(b) Wednesday (c) Thursday	
	18.2.21	(d) Thursday	
		(4) 2222344	
		4. (a) August	
		(b) 366	
		(c) 30 (d) October	
		(d) October	
		Practice Paper II	
	20.24	Tructice Tuper II	
	20.2.21	1. (a) 38 rupees and 45 paise	
		(b) 53 rupees and 10 paise	
		(c) 185 rupees	
		(d) 212 rupees	
		(e) 99 rupees and 75 paise	
		2. (a) 87.45	
		(b) 87.80	
		(c) 58.55	
		Practice Paper III	
		1 7-1-1104-4-61-4	
		Time taken to reach  7:00 + 0:45	
		7:45	
		Zubaid Will reach school at 7;45Am	
		2.	₹ P
		Amount of money given to the shopkeeper	50 00
		Cost of Chocolate	_ 24 50
			25 50
			25 50
		The shopkeeper returns ₹25.50 to Sandhya	
		3.	
		N. Karthikeyan 4	
		Mahesh Bhupathi 6	
		Abhinav Bindra 7	
		Troming pinger	
		Saina Nehwal 8	
		Sachin Tendulkar 15	
		(a) Sachin Tendulkar	
		(b) N. Karthikayan	
1		(c) Saina Nehwal	
		(d) 11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·