

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ANSWER KEY - HOME ASSIGNMENT (18th May 2020)



SUBJECT- ENGLISH LANGUAGE

STD - V

FM - 25

I. Put a tick () against the groups of words which are sentences and a cross (x) against those which are not :

[1*8=8]

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Full of water. | x |
| 2. Our scientists have discovered. | x |
| 3. The World Book Fair starts on Monday. | ✓ |
| 4. Is there life on other planets? | ✓ |
| 5. Sparkling waves are soft , green grass. | x |
| 6. The computer has become a part and parcel of our life. | ✓ |
| 7. Submit your Science project latest by Sunday. | ✓ |
| 8. Download some information about Tansen from the internet . | ✓ |

II. Write As for assertive , In for interrogative , Im for imperative and Ex for exclamatory sentences :

[1*12=12]

- | | |
|---|------|
| 1. What a great playwright Shakespeare was ! | (Ex) |
| 2. Have you read Shakespeare's Tempest ? | (In) |
| 3. It is one of the last plays written by him . | (As) |
| 4. Tell me the story of the play in brief . | (Im) |
| 5. How can we conserve water ? | (In) |
| 6. Install a rainwater harvesting system in your colony . | (Im) |
| 7. Look at the rainbow stretching across the sky . | (Im) |
| 8. How colourful it looks ! | (Ex) |
| 9. How many colours is white light made up of ? | (In) |
| 10. It is made up of seven colours . | (As) |
| 11. How hardworking the Japanese people are ! | (Ex) |
| 12. Japan is a small but highly advanced country . | (As) |

III. Rewrite the following passage using capital letters and putting in full stops where necessary : [5]

Helen Adams Keller was an American author , political activist and lecturer . She was the first deaf – blind person to get a bachelor's degree . She was born on June 27 , 1880 on a plantation called Ivy Green in Tuscumbia , Alabama . The movie , The Miracle worker , is made on the life of Helen Keller



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Complete this table

[1\2*20=10]

SINGULAR		PLURAL	SINGULAR		PLURAL
1. pupil	-	benches	12. negro	-	<u>negroes</u>
2. story	-	<u>stories</u>	13. was	-	were
3. dish	-	<u>dishes</u>	14. radio	-	<u>radio/radios</u>
4. cuff	-	<u>cuffs</u>	15. wife	-	<u>wives</u>
5. myself	-	<u>ourselves</u>	16. country	-	<u>countries</u>
6. <u>dwarf</u>	-	dwarfs	17. ox	-	<u>oxen</u>
7. this	-	<u>these</u>	18. monkey	-	<u>monkeys</u>
8. goose	-	<u>geese</u>	19. shoe	-	<u>shoes</u>
9. politics	-	<u>politics</u>	20. <u>scissors</u>	-	scissors

Complete the following gender chart.

[1\2*20=10]

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. landlord - <u>landlady</u> | 11. <u>sir</u> - madam |
| 2. prince - <u>princess</u> | 12. <u>drake</u> - duck |
| 3. <u>bridegroom</u> - bride | 13. wizard - <u>witch</u> |
| 4. <u>lord</u> - lady | 14. emperor- <u>empress</u> |
| 5. milkman - <u>milkmaid</u> | 15. buck - <u>doe</u> |
| 6. fox - vixen | 16. drone - <u>bee</u> |
| 7. colt - <u>filly</u> | 17. <u>peacock</u> - peahen |
| 8. horse - mare | 18. <u>milkman</u> - milkmaid |
| 9. hero - <u>heroine</u> | 19. poet - <u>poetess</u> |
| 10. actor - actress | 20. shepherd – <u>shepherdess</u> |

Change the following sentences from the singular form to the plural form.Make all changes.

[1*5=5]

- The boy threw a stone at the dog.
Ans .The boys threw stones at the dogs.
- The bat is very old.
Ans The bats are very old.
- The child was flying a kite.
Ans The children were flying kites.
- The buffalo is in the pond.
Ans.The buffaloes are in the pond.
- The man is a thief.
Ans The men are thieves.



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Underline the subject with green colour and predicate with yellow colour :

[1*5=5]

My mother is cooking.

The old man is crossing the road.

I like to watch discovery channel.

The rich man helped the poor boy.

A cool breeze is blowing.

Read the following passage carefully.

The presence of certain qualities makes friendship a special relationship . A true friend is consistent and honest . A friend is not afraid to give an honest opinion and does not say things for the sake of getting approval . A friend provides companionship and continuous support . There is no room for pride , jealousy or rivalry in friendship .

When one enjoys a period of prosperity , many people become available as friends . This is not friendship because these so-called friends slip away in difficult times . True friends stand by each other both in good and bad times .

Now answer the following questions :

[2*2=4]

Mention any two qualities of a true friend .

Ans: The two qualities of true friend are consistency and honesty.

What does a friend provide ?

Ans: A friend provides companionship and continuous support.

Write the meaning for following :

[1*5=5]

honest- **truthful/sincere**

companionship - **friendship**.

pride – **honour/pleasure**

prosperity- **wealth/success**.

rivalry- **enmity**.

Opposites :

[1\2*4=2]

presence- **absence**.

special- **ordinary**.

friend- **enemy**.

difficult- **easy**.

Tick the correct answer :

[1*2=2]

Friendship is loyalty to your friend

during times of his prosperity. []

during times of his being in a powerful position. []

during good and bad times of his life. []

Friendship involves

being critical of each other []

being truthful towards each other. []

saying things for the sake of getting approval from each other. []

Write T for true and F for false statements :

[1*4=4]

Being consistent towards one another in all situations is called friendship . [T]

The attitude of friendship can be looked upon as a responsibility. [T]

One who is a friend during both good and bad times is a true friend. [T]

There is a room for pride , jealousy or rivalry in friendship . [F]

Make sentences :

[1*3=3]

friend : **A friend should always be truthful and helpful.**

honest : **An honest man is always respected by all.**

support : **We should always support and help the poor.**

SUBJECT- ENGLISH LITERATURE

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1.GIVE ONE WORD ANSWER

($\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$)

- a. move lightly and quickly – fluttering
- b. thinking deeply about something - pensive
- c. having a strong built physique – well-built
- d. full of life and energy -sprightly
- e. disapproving of something/ someone – criticizing
- f. cheerful –jocund

2.ANTONYMS

($\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$)

- a) high x low
- b) vacant x occupied
- c) pleasure x displeasure
- d) ending x beginning
- e) inward x outward
- f) addicted x unaddicted
- g) lonely x crowded
- h) criticizing x praising
- i)

3. QUOTE FROM MEMORY.

(4+1=5)

I wandered lonely as a cloud,
That floats on high o'er vales and hills,
When all at once I saw a crowd,
A host, of golden daffodils;
Beside the lake, beneath the trees,
Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.
Continuous as the stars that shine,
And twinkle on the milky way ,
They stretched in never ending line.

1) Name the poem?

A . Daffodils.

Qb) Name the poet?

a) William Wordsworth.

4. FILL IN THE BLANKS .

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$)

- a) Dad put up charts in the bathroom.
- b) Ten thousand saw I at a glance.
- c) We evacuated the house in fourteen seconds.
- d) Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.

5. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION :

($2 \times 2 = 4$)

Qa) Describe the author's father ?

A . Author's father was a successful person who worked as an efficiency expert and toured several factories advising them on how they could speed up their work. He was a tall well built confident man proud of his wife and family.

Qb) Why did the poet compare the daffodils to stars ?

A. The poet compared the daffodils to the stars because the daffodils stretched without a break and they are continuously lined just like the stars in the milky way.

6. REFERENCE TO CONTEXT :-

($1+2+2=5$)

- . Dad often went on tours.
when he returned he would
blow a whistle as he entered
the main gate of our house.
- . The tune was something he
had was something he had
composed himself

Qa) What does the whistle mean ?

A.The whistle was an important call and it meant that the children must drop everything and run to the yard or face the punishment.

Qb) On what occasion did the author's father whistle ?

A.The author's fathers whistled on many occasions.He would whistle if they had some special family announcement or when he was bored and wanted to have some fun with his children.

Qc) What did the children do when he whistled ?

A. When the author's father whistled the children dropped everything and ran to the yard to assemble there.

7. MAKE SENTENCE

(1x2=2)

- a. successful – Mr.Ghosh was a successful basketball coach of our school.
- b. ceremony –The opening ceremony of the Annual day was attended by our parents.

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I. Give one word for the following :

(6 x 1/2=3)

- a) a place where homeless people stay - **asylum**
- b) call someone for something - **summon**
- c) a child whose parents are dead - **orphan**
- d) a short sword with a curved blade - **scimitar**
- e) able to get what you want in a clever way - **cunning**
- f) a group of bushes or trees growing closely together - **thicket**

II. Give antonyms for the following words:

(8 x 1/2 =4)

- a) failed - **succeeded**
- b) alone – **in company/accompanied**
- c) sweet - **sour**
- d) cunning – **innocent/naïve**
- e) thick - **thin**
- f) proper – **improper**
- g) evening - **morning**
- h) official- **unofficial**

III. Fill in the blanks:

(4 x 1/2 =2)

- a) Oliver Twist was an orphan.
- b) The Lord of Tartary would like his bed to be made of ivory .
- c) Mrs.Mann was the caretaker of the asylum.
- d) The Lord of Tartary would wear a robe of beads .

IV. Quote from memory:

(4)

If I were Lord of Tartary,
Myself, and me alone,
My bed should be of ivory,
Of beaten gold my throne;
And in my court should peacock flaunt,
And in my forest should tiger haunt,
And in my pools great fishes slant
Their fins athwart the sun.

Name the poem and the poet.

(1)

Ans. Poem – I wish I were Lord of Tartary
Poet – Walter de la Mare

V. Answer the following questions :

(2+2=4)

a) Why was baby Oliver transferred to a private asylum by parish authorities?

Ans. Baby Oliver was transferred to a private asylum by parish authorities because there he was not fed or taken proper care of as there was no female to nurse young children.

b) Describe the robe of the Lord of Tartary.

Ans. The Lord of Tartary would wear a robe with beads of white , green and golden colour. They would be small and thick as seeds.

VI. Answer the following with reference to context:

(1+2+2=5)

“ Oliver, you should be grateful for all blessings and favours he received so far. Now you need to start earning. You will be picking oakum from tomorrow.”

1) Who said this to Oliver?

Ans. One of the board men said this to Oliver.

2) Why did they say so?

Ans. They said this because they wanted Oliver to be grateful for all the blessings and favours he had received and they wanted him to start earning now.

3) What did Oliver think when he was asked to be grateful ?

Ans. When Oliver was asked to be grateful, he wondered what he should be grateful for.

VII. Make sentences:

(1x2=2)

a) flaunt – Reema liked to flaunt her wealth by wearing diamond jewellery.

b) cunning – My enemy is as cunning as a fox.

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१. इन के दो दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें-

(१०)

१. आकाश २. बिजली ३. बादल ४. धरती ५. पुत्र

आकाश - नभ, गगन

बिजली - चंचला, चपला

बादल - घन, मेघ

धरती - भूमि, पृथ्वी

पुत्र - बेटा, सुत

२. निम्नलिखित संज्ञा के दो-दो उदाहरण दें-

(६)

१. व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा २. जातिवाचक संज्ञा ३. भाववाचक संज्ञा

व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा- सोमवार, गंगा

जातिवाचक संज्ञा - खिलौना, चिड़िया

भाव वाचक संज्ञा - खुशी, मिठास

३. इनके विलोम शब्द लिखें-

(९)

१. मित्र २. स्वामी ३. यह ४. यही ५. तेरा ६. वीर ७. आस्तिक ८. जीवित ९. इसका

मित्र - शत्रु

स्वामी - सेवक

यह - वह

यही - वही

तेरा - मेरा

वीर - कायर

आस्तिक - नास्तिक

जीवित - मृत

इसका - उसका



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१. इन शब्दों के अनेकार्थी शब्द लिखें-

(५)

१. पूर्व २. उत्तर ३. पानी ४. अंबर ५. फल

- १ पूर्व- एक दिशा ,पहले
- २. उत्तर- एक दिशा ,जवाब
- ३. पानी- जल, इज्जत
- ४. अंबर- वस्त्र, आकाश
- ५. फल- खाने वाला फल, परिणाम

२. लिंग बदले-

(५)

१. महोदय २. छात्र ३. बेटा ४. पुत्र ५. बकरा

- १. महोदय -महोदया
- २. छात्र--छात्रा
- ३. बेटा- बेटा
- ४. पुत्र -पुत्री
- ५. बकरा -बकरी

३. रेखांकित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर वाक्य पुनः लिखें-

(१०)

१. कवि ने अनेक कविताएं सुनाई।

कवयित्री ने अनेक कविताएं सुनाई।

२. बबुआइन ने गरीबों को लड्डू बांटी।

बाबू ने गरीबों को लड्डू बांटे।

३. क्या मैं यहां बैठ सकता हूं?

क्या मैं यहां बैठ सकती हूं।

४. सास ने बेटी का स्वागत किया।

ससुर ने बेटे का स्वागत किया।

५. जहां इमारत बननी थी, वहां इंजीनियर पहुंच गए।

जहां इमारत बननी थी ,वहां इंजीनियर पहुंच गई।

४.इन मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखें-

(५)

१. अक्ल पर पत्थर पड़ना २. आंखें दिखाना ३. इधर-उधर की हांकना ४. ईद का चांद होना ५. उल्टी गंगा बहाना

१. अक्ल पर पत्थर पड़ना

अर्थ- बुद्धि से काम ना लेना।

२. आंखें दिखाना

अर्थ -क्रोध करना

३. इधर-उधर की हांकना

अर्थ -व्यर्थ की गप्पे हांकना

४. ईद का चांद होना

अर्थ -बहुत दिन बाद दिखाई देना

५. उल्टी गंगा बहाना

अर्थ -विपरीत काम करना

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SUBJECT- HINDI LANGUAGE



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१. इन शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द-

(१०)

१. लकड़ी का काम करने वाला- **बढ़ई**
२. सोने -चांदी के गहने बनाने वाला- **सुनार**
३. लोहे का काम करने वाला -**लुहार**
४. फल बेचने वाला- **फल वाला**
५. चिट्ठी या डाक बांटने वाला -**डाकिया**

२. रेखांकित शब्दों में कौन सा कारक है -

(५)

१. पूजा को खाना दे दो- **कर्म कारक**
२. मेरे हाथ से गिलास टूट गया-**अपादान कारक**
३. ताले की चाबी खो गई है-**संबंध कारक**
४. मैंने मां के लिए चाय बनाई-**संप्रदान कारक**
५. अरे भाई !अब चुप भी करो -**संबोधन कारक**

३. वचन बदलें-

(१०)

१. पुस्तक २. गाय ३. आंख ४. सड़क ५. पलक ६. बहन ७. माता ८. भाषा ९. नहर १०. दुकान

१. पुस्तक- पुस्तकें
२. गाय -गायें
३. आंख -आंखें
४. सड़क- सड़कें
५. पलक- पलकें
६. बहन- बहनें
७. माता -माताएं
८. भाषा- भाषाएं
९. नहर -नहरें
१०. दुकान दुकानें



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1. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखें-

(५)

१. विपरीत २. व्यवहार ३. कटुता ४. कष्ट ५. निजता

१. विपरीत-उल्टा
२. व्यवहार -बर्ताव
३. कटुता -कड़वापन
४. कष्ट -तकलीफ
५. निजता -अपना व्यक्तिगत

२. खाली जगहों को भरे-

(५)

१. मनुष्य एक सामाजिक प्राणी है।
२. शिष्टाचार का पहला नियम है विनम्रता।
३. विनम्रता केवल वाणी में ही नहीं कर्म में भी इसकी झलक मिलनी चाहिए।
४. विनम्रता और दीनता में अंतर है।
५. विनम्र होते हुए भी हमें अपने स्वाभिमान का विशेष ध्यान रखना चाहिए।

३. वाक्य बनाओ--

(५)

१. शिष्टाचार २. निंदा ३. प्रशंसा ४. सम्मान ५. अनुशासन
१. शिष्टाचार- हमारे जीवन में शिष्टाचार का बहुत महत्व है।
२. निंदा -हमें दूसरों की निंदा नहीं करनी चाहिए।
३. प्रशंसा -सचिन के दोस्त उसके व्यवहार की प्रशंसा करते नहीं थकते।
४. सम्मान -हमें अपने से बड़ों का सम्मान करना चाहिए।
५. अनुशासन -हमें अनुशासन का पालन करना चाहिए।

४. एक वाक्य में उत्तर दें-

(१०)

१. दोनों बालकों में कौन सा बालक शिष्ट है?

उत्तर -दोनों बालकों में सचिन शिष्ट है।

२. मनुष्य कैसा प्राणी है?

उत्तर- मनुष्य एक सामाजिक प्राणी है।

३. विनम्रता किसमें झलक नहीं चाहिए?

उत्तर -विनम्रता वाणी और व्यवहार में झलकनी चाहिए।

४. निजता से आप क्या समझते हैं?

उत्तर -व्यक्तिगत बातों और कामों को निजता कहते हैं।

५. शिष्टाचार का पालन कहां-कहां करना चाहिए?

उत्तर- बातचीत में तथा भोजन करते समय शिष्टाचार का पालन करना चाहिए।

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ANSWER KEY - HOME ASSIGNMENT (19th May 2020)

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१. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखें-

(६)

१. प्रतिज्ञा २. प्राचीर ३. मानवता ४. आभार ५. सूर्योदय ६. मानव सागर

प्रतिज्ञा- शपथ

प्राचीर- ऊपर की दीवार

मानवता- इंसानियत

आभार- एहसान मानना

सूर्योदय- सूरज का उगना

तिरंगा- तिरंगा में तीन रंग है।

मुक्त- 15 अगस्त 1947 को हमारा देश अंग्रेजों की गुलामी से मुक्त हुआ।

२. वाक्य बनाओ-

(६)

१. आभार २. स्वतंत्र ३. मानवता ४. गीत ५. तिरंगा ६. मुक्त

आभार- मैंने गुरु का आभार प्रकट किया।

स्वतंत्र- हमारा देश 15 अगस्त 1947 को स्वतंत्र हुआ।

मानवता- हमें मानवता की सेवा करनी है।

गीत- तुम्हें एक गीत गाना है।

३. खाली जगहों को भरे-

(५)

1. वायसराय भवन रोशनी से जगमग आ रहा था।
2. रात के 12:00 बजे का घंटा बजा।
3. दिल्ली महानगरी दुल्हन की तरह सजी हुई थी।
4. प्रातः 8:20 पर पंडित नेहरू ने लाल किले पर तिरंगा झंडा फहराया।
5. हर व्यक्ति के चेहरे पर उल्लास था।

४. एक वाक्य में उत्तर दें-

(८)

1. भारत कब स्वतंत्र हुआ?

उत्तर- भारत 15 अगस्त 1947 को स्वतंत्र हुआ।

2. स्वतंत्रता का संघर्ष कितने वर्षों तक चला?

उत्तर- स्वतंत्रता का संघर्ष 100 वर्षों तक चला।

3. स्वतंत्र भारत के पहले गवर्नर जनरल कौन बने?

उत्तर -स्वतंत्र भारत के पहले गवर्नर जनरल लॉर्ड माउंटबेटन बने।

4. पहली बार लाल किले पर तिरंगा झंडा कब फहराया गया?

उत्तर-पहली बार लाल किले पर तिरंगा झंडा 16 अगस्त 1947 को फहराया गया।



१. कविता का शीर्षक एवं कवि का नाम लिखकर पंक्तियां पूरी करें-

(१०)

शीर्षक--उपवन से बातचीत

आज सवेरे जब बसंत आया उपवन में चुपके- चुपके

कानों ही कानों में मैंने उससे पूछा,

मित्र !पा गए तुम भी अपने यौवन का उल्लास दुबारा।

गमक उठे फिर प्राण तुम्हारे

फूलों सा मन फिर मुस्काया

पर साथी क्या दोगे मुझको?

मेरा यौवन मुझे दोबारा मिल न सकेगा?

कवि---भारत भूषण अग्रवाल

२. शब्दार्थ लिखें-

(५)

१. उपवन २. उल्लास ३. व्यर्थ ४. प्रकृति ५. कष्ट

१. उपवन -बगीचा

२. उल्लास -प्रसन्नता

३. व्यर्थ- बेकार

४. प्रकृति- कुदरत

५. कष्ट- मुसीबत

३. एक वाक्य में उत्तर दें-

(१०)

१. उपवन में चुपके चुपके कौन आया?

उत्तर- उपवन में चुपके चुपके वसंत आया।

२. उपवन ने वसंत से क्या पूछा?

उत्तर -०उपवन ने वसंत से पूछा, क्या मेरे जीवन में भी पुनः यौवन का उल्लास आ सकेगा।

३. किन संकेतों में वसंत बोला?

उत्तर -वसंत ने संकेतों में कहा कि, प्रकृति के नियमों की दुहाई मत दो
मैंने बहुत कष्ट झेले हैं तभी मैं यह सुख भोग पा रहा हूँ।

४. क्या हमें प्रकृति को दोष देना चाहिए?

उत्तर -नहीं! हमें प्रकृति को दोष नहीं देना चाहिए।

५. आनंद का तिलक किस पर चढ़ता है?

उत्तर -पीड़ा झेलने वाले के माथे पर आनंद का तिलक चढ़ता है।

...

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ANSWER KEY - HOME ASSIGNMENT (18th May 2020)

SUBJECT- MATHEMATICS



STD - V

FM - 25

1. Solve the following:

(8)

a. $4895 + 3268$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4895 \\ + 3268 \\ \hline \underline{8163} \end{array}$$

b. $9947 - 4579$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9947 \\ - 4579 \\ \hline \underline{5368} \end{array}$$

c. 215×52

$$\begin{array}{r} 215 \\ \times 52 \\ \hline 1430 \\ \underline{10750} \\ \underline{11180} \end{array}$$

d. $801 \div 9$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{89} \\ 9) 801 \\ \underline{-72} \\ 81 \\ \underline{-81} \\ \underline{\quad} \\ \text{xx} \end{array}$$

2. Write first four factors of 9.

(2)

The first four multiples of 9 are:

9, 18, 27, 36, 45

3. Find the prime factor of 54.

(2)

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)54} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{)27} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{)9} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{)3} \end{array}$$

1

$$2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 54$$

4. Are $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{6}{15}$ are equivalent fractions? (2)

By cross multiplying

$$2 \times 15 = 6 \times 5$$

$$30 = 30$$

Hence, $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{6}{15}$ are equivalent fractions.

5. Write 53.25 as fraction. (2)

$$53.25 =$$

6. Convert 14 m and 56 cm into centimeters. (2)

Since, 1m = 100 cm

$$\text{Therefore } 14 \text{ m} = 14 \times 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 1400 \text{ cm}$$

$$+ \underline{56 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\underline{1456 \text{ cm}}$$

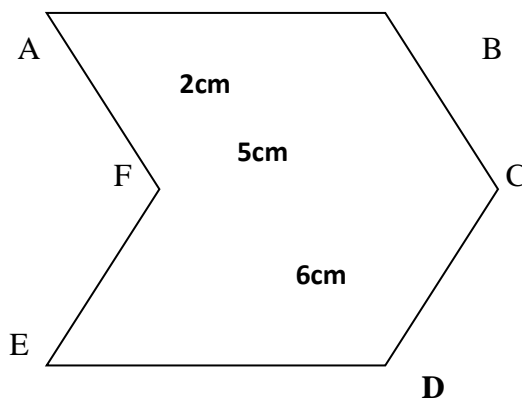
7. Draw a line segment of 4.5cm. (2)

A

4.5cm

B

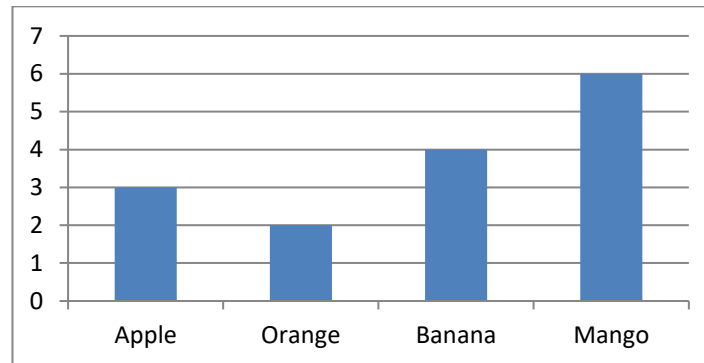
8. Find the perimeter of the following figure: (2)



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter of the figure given} &= AB + BC + CD + DE + EF + FA \\ &= 2\text{cm} + 6\text{cm} + 4\text{cm} + 4\text{cm} + 2\text{cm} + 5\text{cm} \\ &= \mathbf{23\text{cm}}\end{aligned}$$

9. Maya has some fruits with her:

(3)



a. Which fruit does Maya has in large quantity?

* **Mango**

b. Which fruit does Maya has the least?

* **Orange**

c. What is the total quantity of fruits?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{* Total quantity of fruits} &= 3 + 2 + 4 + 6 \\ &= \mathbf{15 \text{ fruits}}\end{aligned}$$

STD - V

FM - 25

- 1. Fill in the blanks :** (1X4=4)
- The smallest whole number is = **0**
 - Counting number starts from = **1**
 - Successor of 1,64,539 is **1, 64,539 +1 = 1,64,540**
 - The Predecessor of the smallest 8 digit number is **1,00,00,000 -1 = 99,99,999**
- 2. Express the following in expanded form:** (2X2=4)
- $7,23,45,004 = 7,00,00,000 + 20,00,000 + 3,00,000 + 40,000 + 5000 + 0 + 0 + 4$
 - $1,10,27,564 = 1,00,00,000 + 10,00,000 + 0 + 20,000 + 7000 + 500 + 60 + 4$
- 3. Round off to the nearest 1000.** (1X2=2)
- $63,593 = 64,000$
 - $49,135 = 49,000$
- 4. Put the correct sign (<, >, =)** (1x2=2)
- $1,96,43,289 = 1,96,43,289$
 - $33,00,00,000 > 30,00,00,000$
- 5. Write in ascending order :** (1x2=2)
- 9,17,23,704 ; 9,18,23,704 ; 8,17,23,704 ; 9,17,24,504
8,17,23,704 < 9,17,23,704 < 9,17,24,504 < 9,18,23,704
- 14,33,76,840 ; 14,36,73,840 ; 13,44,80,645 ; 14,33,76,480
13,44,80,645 < 14,33,76,480 < 14,33,76,840 < 14,36,73,840
- 6. Write the number names according to the Indian system of numeration :** (2x2=4)
- 62,31,40,140 = **Sixty two crore thirty one lakh forty thousand one hundred forty**
 - 9,99,99,990 = **Nine crore ninety nine lakh ninety nine thousand nine hundred ninety**
- 7. Round off to the nearest lakh:** (1x2=2)
- $54,22,737 = 54,00,000$
 - $53,72,819 = 54,00,000$

8. Write the numerals for each of the following using the International system of numeration:

(1x2=2)

a. Ninety nine million=**99,000,000**

b. Six hundred five million six thousand six hundred two. =**605,006,602**

9. Multiply the place value and face value of 5 in 64,53,216.

(3)

Solution :Place value = 50,000

Face value. = 5

$$50,000 \times 5 = 2,50,000$$



STD - V

FM - 25

1) Fill in the blanks:

(10)

- a) Predecessor of -25 is -26 .
 b) Successor of 1 is 2 .
 c) The opposite value of 5 is -5 .
 d) $2 + \underline{-2} = 0$
 e) The subtract 7 from 13 we add -7 to 13 .

2) Write in ascending order:

(2)

$6, -15, 10, 0, -11, 5, 4, 56, -84, -7$

Soln: $-84, -15, -11, -7, 0, 4, 5, 6, 10, 56$

3) Find the value of the following:

(4)

a) $2 + (-3) + 4 + (-5) + 6$

Soln: $2 - 3 + 4 - 5 + 6$
 $= -1 + 4 - 5 + 6$
 $= 3 - 5 + 6$
 $= -2 + 6$
 $= 4$ Ans.

b) $4 - (-9) + 7 - (-3)$

Soln: $4 + 9 + 7 + 3$
 $= 13 + 10$
 $= 23$ Ans.

4) Subtract:

(4)

a) -13 from 25

b) -6 from 16

-13 from 25

Soln: $25 - (-13)$
 $= 25 + 13$
 $= 38$ Ans.

-6 from 16

Soln: $16 - (-6)$
 $= 16 + 6$
 $= 22$ Ans.

5) Solve the following:

(5)

- a. Subtract the sum of -40 and 50 from 20.

$$\text{Soln: The sum of -40 and 50 is } = -40 + 50 \\ = 10$$

now, subtract 10 from 20

$$= 20 - 10$$

$$= 10 \text{ Ans.}$$

- b. Subtract the sum of -10 and -5 from 30.

$$\text{Soln: The sum of -10 and -5 is } = -10 + (-5)$$

$$= -10 - 5$$

$$= -15$$

now, subtract -15 from 30

$$= 30 - (-15)$$

$$= 30 + 15$$

SUBJECT- EVS

STD - V

FM - 25

I. **Define the terms:**

(5)

1. Pleasant sound – Some sounds are pleasant to the ear and make us feel relaxed are called pleasant sound. Ex. Chirping of birds, flute , etc.
2. Warning sound – Warning sounds are typical sounds that are produced to warn us, Eg fire alarm, sound of siren
3. The circulatory system – The transport system that moves substances throughout the body with the help of blood is called circulatory system.
4. Capillaries – Capillaries are the smallest blood vessels that connects arteries and veins. They help in the exchange of gases, nutrients and wastes.
5. Blood – A red coloured fluid that flows inside blood vessels are called blood.

II. **Answer these questions:**

(10)

1. What is noise pollution?
Ans. Noise pollution is the disturbance produced in the environment by loud and harsh sounds from various sources.
2. What is a hearing aid?
Ans. A hearing aid is a device designed to improve hearing by making sound audible to a person with hearing loss.
3. State any two harmful effects of noise pollution.
Ans. Two harmful effects of noise pollution are :
It distracts people and reduces concentration.
It causes temporary or permanent deafness in people.
4. Write any two functions of blood.
Ans. a. It provides food and oxygen to every body cell.
b. It removes waste from the cells.
5. Define heartbeat.
Ans. The rhythmic contraction and relaxation of the auricles and ventricles is known as heart beat.

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ANSWER KEY - HOME ASSIGNMENT (19th May 2020)

SUBJECT- EVS



STD - V

FM - 25

- I. **Fill in the blanks:** (5)
1. Lack of Vit. A can cause night blindness.
 2. Citrus food mainly contains Vit. C.
 3. Steaming is a healthy way of cooking.
 4. Protein is required in large quantity for growing child.
 5. Fats keeps our body warm.
- II. **Answer these questions:** (10)
1. What is balanced diet?
Ans. A balanced diet contains all the nutrients in right proportion.
 2. Write any two benefits of water in our body.
Ans. a. Water helps in maintaining body temperature.
b. It helps in digestion.
 3. How do proteins help our body?
Ans. Protein helps in growth, development and helps in repairing damaged body cells.
 4. What are non-communicable diseases? Give examples.
Ans. Diseases which do not spread from one person to another are called non-communicable diseases. For eg. Heart attack, diabetes
 5. Define deficiency disease.
Ans. Diseases which are caused by lack of particular nutrient are called deficiency diseases.

**I. Fill in the blanks:**

(5)

1. Solids have a definite shape and volume.
2. The intermolecular force is maximum in solids
3. Liquids take the shape of the container they are kept in .
4. Land breeze blows during the night.
5. All matter is made up of tiny particles called atoms

II. Answer these questions:

(10)

1. Distinguish between solids, liquids and gases. (3)

Solids	Liquids	Gases
1.They have definite Shape and size.	1.They have fixed volume but no fixed shape	1.Gases have no definite volume and shape.
2.The molecules in solids are very closely packed.	2.Molecules have spaces in between them	2.Molecules are far Apart from each other.

2. Write a short note on composition of air. (2)

Ans. Air is a mixture of gases. It contains 78%nitrogen, 21% oxygen and 1% carbon dioxide, helium, argon,neon, water vapour and dust particles.

3. Explain how the wind blows. (3)

Ans.When land gets heated during the day air above the land also gets heated , becomes light and rises. Cool air from the above rushes to take its place causing winds.

4. Define the terms: Breeze, Humidity (2)

Ans. - Breeze – Slowly blowing wind is called breeze.
Humidity – Amount of water vapour in the air is called humidity.

SUBJECT- SST

STD - V

FM - 25

Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

1x6=6

a) Early man lived in _____ and on _____.

Ans. rock-shelters,caves,tree tops (any two)

b) Discovery of _____ made food softer.

Ans .fire

c) Stone tools had handles of _____ and _____.

Ans.bones,wood

d) Chalcos means _____.

Ans.copper

Q.2. Match the following .

1x5=5

1) Iron age

a) Old stone age.

2)Paleolithic age.

b) Daimabad (India)

3) Mesolithic age.

c) Polished tools.

4) Neolithic age .

d) Permenent settlements developed

5) Chalcolithic age.

e)Microliths.

Ans....1.-d, 2.-a, 3- e, 4 -c, 5- b .

Q.3.Write true or false.

1x5=5

a) Early man ate raw meat. true

b) They watched television. false

c) They first tamed a cat. false

d) Invention of wheel has made life easy and fast. true

e)Earliest ancestors of humans were Ramapithecus. true

Q.4.Answer the following questions.

a) Name three animals domesticated by early man.

3 marks

Ans.dog, cow ,goat ,sheep ,cattle ,horse , pig ,donkey .(any three)

b) Name two grains grown by early man.

2 marks

Ans.wheat ,barley.

c) Name two sources of information in history.

2 marks

Ans.Bones, cave paintings ,fossils ,utensils ,tools.(any two)

d) Name two tools used by early man.

2 marks

Ans.Hand axes,spears,choppers,hammers,scrapers,borers,clavers.(any two)



I) Fill in the blanks:- (5×1)

1. The oldest mode of transport is **Water transport.**
2. Fax machine is connected to a **phone line.**
3. There are **13** major ports in India.
4. Telegraph was developed by **Morse Code.**
5. First flight was conducted by **Wright Brothers.**

II) Match the following:- (5×1)

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Telephone | a) Internet |
| 2. Chhatrapati Shivaji | b) Alexander Graham Bell |
| 3. Search engine | c) Mumbai International Airport |
| 4. Telegraph | d) NH7 |
| 5. Varanasi Kanyakumari | e) Morse Code |

Ans....1-b , 2-c , 3-a , 4-e , 5-d

III) Give the full form of the following abbreviation:-

1. ISD - **International Subscriber Dialling**
2. STD - **Subscribers Truck Dialling**
3. SMS - **Short Message Service**
4. PCO - **Public Call Offices**
5. GPS - **Global Positioning System**

IV) Answer the following questions:-

1. State two advantages of railway?

Ans= Two advantages of railways are:

- They can transport large amount of good to different places.
- Railway is a cheaper means of transport for large distance travel, both for passengers and goods.

2. List two uses of computer?

Ans= Two uses of computer are:

- Computer are used for communicating with people.
- computers are used for sending emails , calculating, editing and listening to music.

3. State two ways in which transport is important for us?

Ans=Two ways in which transport is important for us are:

- Helps people to reach their place of work or visit new places for vacations.
- Helps people to reach places truck by disaster and carry out rescue operations.

4. What is meant by communication?

Ans=communication is the art of conveying messages or feeling from one person or group to another.

5. Difference between national and state highway?

<u>National Highway</u>	<u>State Highway</u>
1)The major roads constructed and maintenance by the central government are known as National Highway. 2) They connect state capitals and industrial cities with harbours.	1) The road are constructed and maintained by the state governments are known as State Highways. 2) These roads connect the state capital with district towns.



STD - V

FM - 25

1. खाली जगहों को भरें। (5)
(क)वर्ण दो प्रकार के होते हैं ।
(ख) वर्णों का समूह वर्णमाला कहलाता है ।
(ग) स्वर वर्ण की संख्या तेरह होती है ।
(घ) दो या दो से अधिक व्यंजनों को जोड़ने पर संयुक्त व्यंजन बनता है ।
(ङ.) अयोगवाह दो प्रकार के होते हैं ।
- 2.स्वर एवं व्यंजन वर्णों को छाँटें। (5)
अ, द्,उ, प्,ग्
स्वर अ, उ
व्यंजन द्, प्, ग्
- 3.दिए गए स्वरों को वर्गों में बाँटें। (6)
आ, ए, इ, अ, ऊ, औ
ह्रस्व अ, इ
दीर्घ आ, ऊ
संयुक्त ए, औ,
- 4.प्रत्येक वर्ण में व्यंजन और स्वर को अलग करें। (5)
तृ, गे, नै, पा, थ
तृ = त् + ऋ, गे = ग् + ए, नै = न् + ऐ,
पा = प् + आ, थ = थ् + अ
- 5.व्यंजन वर्णों में स्वरवर्णों की मात्राएँ जोड़ कर लिखें (4)
ग्+उ,ब्+आ,र्+इ,द्+ए
ग् + उ = गु, ब् + आ = बा, र् + इ = रि, द् + ए = दे ।

KERALA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ANSWER KEY - HOME ASSIGNMENT (19th May 2020)



SUBJECT- GK

STD - V

FM - 25

A. Fill in the blanks

(1×10=10)

1. India's first Science City was set up at _____.
Ans: - Kolkata
2. _____ is used to test the purity of milk.
Ans: - Lactometer
3. _____ state is known for producing saffron.
Ans: - Jammu & Kashmir
4. _____ is the longest beach in India. It is about 6 km long.
Ans: - Marina Beach
5. The monks of _____ religion often cover their mouth to avoid swallowing insects.
Ans: - Jainism
6. _____ was the founder of Sikh religion.
Ans: - Guru Nanak
7. Akshardham Temple is situated in _____.
Ans: - New Delhi
8. Guru Granth Sahib is written in the script of _____.
Ans: - Gurumukhi
9. _____ was a saint from Maharashtra; who translated the Gita into simple Marathi.
Ans: - Sant Gyaneshwara
10. _____ is used to record earthquake shocks.
Ans: - Seismograph

B. Write True or False

(1×5=5)

1. Radar is used to record the growth of plants. **(False)**
2. Oregano is a herb. **(True)**
3. Pope is the supreme head of the Roman Catholic Church. **(True)**
4. Jharkhand is the most industrialised state. **(False)**
5. Lotus temple is situated in New Delhi. **(True)**

C. Answers the following in one word

1×6=6)

1. Who played the role of a blind and deaf girl in the movie Black? (**Rani Mukherjee**)
2. Name the fifth Sikh Guru who compiled Guru Granth Sahib. (**Guru Arjan Dev**)
3. Who was the founder of Arya Samaj? (**Swami Dayanand**)
4. Give the name of Memorial to Mahatma Gandhi situated on the western bank of the Yamuna River? (**Rajghat**)
5. Name the priest from Europe; who preached Christianity in India, China and Japan. (**St. Xavier**)
6. Name the book in which the song Vande Mataram first appeared. (**Anandmath**)

D. Match the following

(1×4=4)

Nagin lake

Gautam Buddha

Sai Baba

Siddhivinayak Temple

a. Mumbai

b. Shirdi

c. Srinagar

d. Sakyamuni

Ans:-

- c

- d

- b

- a